

**Law Schools and Bar Admission
Requirements**

in the United States

1954 REVIEW OF LEGAL EDUCATION

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With the assistance of The National Conference of Bar Examiners, the various state bar examiners, and law school deans, we are able to furnish, in the pages that follow, up-to-date information on law schools and bar admission requirements. A few schools failed to supply the information notwithstanding two personal requests from the Adviser. Copies of this booklet are available without charge on request.

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1911-1912	HOLLIS R. BAILEY Boston, Mass.	1947-1949	HERBERT W. CLARK San Francisco, Calif.
1912-1913	WALTER GEORGE SMITH Philadelphia, Pa.	1949-1951	RICHARD BENTLEY Chicago, Illinois
1913-1914	CHARLES A. BOSTON New York, N. Y.	1951-1953	THOMAS F. McDONALD St. Louis, Missouri
		1953-	JOHN M. ALLISON Tampa, Florida

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available for microfilming.

LAW SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES ON THE APPROVED LIST
OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION, 1954

The requirements shown in the following tables are stated in terms of academic years. An academic year in an approved law school consists of not less than thirty weeks if the students devote substantially all of their time to the study of law, or not less than thirty-six weeks in a part-time school.

The figure in parentheses following the name of the law school indicates the year in which the school was approved by the American Bar Association. An asterisk (*) preceding the name of an approved school indicates that the school is not a member of the Association of American Law Schools. The figures following M, A, and E directly beneath the name of the school show the number of students in each class or year, namely, first year, second year, third year, fourth year, graduate, and special or unclassified students. The figure in parentheses immediately following attendance total is included in the total. It indicates the number of women attending law school classes.

Under the heading "Annual Tuition" the following symbols are used: r stands for resident; n for nonresident; m for morning; a for afternoon; e for evening. Tuition given is for two semesters or three-quarters of a school year; tuition for summer sessions is not shown.

Under "Requirements" Roman numeral indicates number of years of college study required for admission as a law student. Capital letter M means full-time morning classes; classes in late afternoon are designated by capital A; capital E denotes part-time classes held in evening (except for Gonzaga University which is a full-time school). Arabic numerals show number of years required to complete course. Parentheses indicate course may be shortened by local summer school work.

University							Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
							Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time
ALABAMA											
University	University of Alabama, School of Law (1926)										
	M 106	56	48(2)	.....	.....	.....		\$100.00r	III M (3)		
	M 8(1)	5	7	7	.....	.....	237(3)	350.00n	II M (4)	11 4	
ARIZONA											
Tucson	University of Arizona, College of Law (1930)										
	M 33(3)	57(1)	40(4)	.....	.....	.....	180(8)	300.00n	III M (3)	6 4	
ARKANSAS											
Fayetteville	University of Arkansas, School of Law (1926)										
	M 33(1)	12	18(2)	.....	.....	1		130.00r	III M (3)		
	M 8	3	1	.....	.....	.....	76(3)	330.00n	II M (4)	7 2	

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

					Total Enrollment		Annual Tuition	Require-ments	No. of Teachers			
					Fall 1954	Annuc!			Full-	Part-		
									time	time		
CALIFORNIA												
Berkeley	University of California, School of Law (1923)	M145(8)	90(9)	93(1)	....	12(3)	....	340(21)	384.00n	IV M 3	18	1
Los Angeles	University of California, School of Law (1950)	M188(15)	88(5)	85(3)	....	....	1	362(23)	300.00n	IV M 3	13	1
	Loyola University, School of Law (1935)	M 75(3)	34(2)	30(1)	....	....	....	450.00m		III M 3		
		E111(9)	38(2)	40(4)	....	....	2	330(21)	12.50	III E 4	5	10
								Cr.Hr.-e				
	University of Southern California, School of Law (1924)	M 79(8)	62(5)	60(2)	....	....	2			IV M (3)		
		M 26(1)	9	8(2)	....	....	....	280.00m		II M 4		
		E 52(2)	28(1)	16(1)	....	178(5)	1	521(27)	200.00e	IV E 4	15	12
Palo Alto	Stanford University, School of Law (1923)	M120(3)	99(2)	71(1)	....	1	....	291(6)	750.00	III M (3)	21	2
San Francisco	University of California, Hastings College of Law (1939)	M193(11)	97(5)	46(2)	....	2	....	393(23)	384.00n	III M 3	14	4
		M 29(3)	17(2)	3	6	....	....			II M 4		
	University of San Francisco, School of Law (1935)	M 31(1)	14	20(2)	....	....	....	330.00m		III M 3		
		E 54(8)	20	17(2)	17(1)	....	7(1)	180(15)	320.00e	III E 4	6	14
Santa Clara	University of Santa Clara, College of Law (1937)	M 28	13	8	....	....	....	49	550.00	III M 3	5	3
COLORADO												
Boulder	University of Colorado, School of Law (1923)	M 64	46	49(1)	....	....	....	159(1)	90.00r 243.00n	III M (3)	9	0
Denver	University of Denver, College of Law (1928)	M 83(3)	55(1)	43	....	4	4(1)			III M (3)		
		M 8(1)	7	4(1)	13	....	....	221(7)		II M 4	6	11
CONNECTICUT												
Hartford	University of Connecticut, School of Law (1933)	M 60(2)	34(2)	26	....	....	2	275.00m		IV M 3		
		E 55	20	30(1)	31(2)	....	4	262(7)	220.00e	IV E 4	6	19
New Haven	Yale University, School of Law (1923)	M160(2)	125(3)	128(5)	....	21(2)	2	436(12)	750.00	IV M 3	27	7

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

						Total Enrollment		Annual Tuition	Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
						Fall 1954	Annual			Full-time	Part-time
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA											
Washington	American University, Washington College of Law (1940)										
	M	22(1)	19(1)	16	.....	.....	.....	420.00m			
	E	53(6)	39(5)	30(3)	27(3)	.....	2(1)	208(20)	Cr.Hr.-e	III M (3)	5 16
	Catholic University of America, The School of Law (1925)										
	M	9(1)	21	7(1)	.....	.....	2(1)	240.00m			
	E	11	16(2)	18	27(1)	4(1)	1	116(7)	15.00	IV M (3)	5 13
	Georgetown University, The School of Law (1924)										
	M	244(4)	143(3)	89(1)	.....	5	.....	450.00m			
	E	131(4)	105(3)	69(3)	86(2)	72(2)	2	946(22)	320.00e	IV E (4)	16 26
	George Washington University, Law School (1925)										
M	120(6)	77(2)	43(1)	.....	3	.....	476.00m				
E	333(25)	211(14)	143(4)	.....	68(3)	36(2)	1039(57)	340.00e	IV E (4)	18 22	
Howard University, School of Law (1931)											
M	32(4)	40(3)	16(3)	.....	.....	.....	88(10)	213.00	III M (3)	8 2	
FLORIDA											
Coral Gables	University of Miami, School of Law (1941)										
	M	183(6)	124(2)	131(5)	.....	4	5	275.00m			
E	66(2)	45(7)	42	43(3)	.....	1	654(25)	27.50	IV M (3)	24 18	
Gainesville	University of Florida, College of Law (1925)										
	M	113(3)	76(2)	45	.....	.....	.....	150.00r			
E							234(5)	500.00n	IV M (3)	18 0	
St. Petersburg	John B. Stetson University, College of Law (1930)										
	M	51(4)	26	16(2)	.....	.....	1	94(6)	550.00	III M (3)	5 6
GEORGIA											
Athens	University of Georgia, School of Law (1930)										
	M	46(2)	25	20	.....	.....	.....	217.50r			
E							91(2)	517.50n	III M (3)	6 5	
Atlanta	Emory University, Lamar School of Law (1923)										
	M	17	14	15	.....	.....	2(1)	525.00m			
E	47(2)	16	11(2)	12	.....	1	135(5)	360.00e	III E (4)	12 8	
Macon	Mercer University, Walter F. George School of Law (1925)										
	M	19(1)	7	19(1)	.....	.....	2			III M 2	
E	9(2)	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	61(4)	396.00	II M 4	6 3	
IDAHO											
Moscow	University of Idaho, College of Law (1925)										
	M	24(1)	18	12	.....	1	.....	65(1)	150.00n	III M 3	6 0

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

							Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers		
							Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time	
ILLINOIS												
Chicago	Chicago-Kent College of Law (1936)	M 35(1)	14	14	....	....	1		375.00m	III M (3)		
		E 68(4)	18(1)	15(1)	13	....	2	180(7)	300.00e	III E (4)	7	4
	De Paul University, College of Law (1925)	M 115(3)	43(1)	57(1)	....	1	4(2)		533.00m	III M (3)		
		E 115(5)	59(3)	45(2)	39(3)	....	23(3)	501(23)	351.00e	III E 4	13	14
	*The John Marshall Law School (1951) ¹	M 41(2)	24(2)	33(1)	....	....	2(1)		400.00m	III M 3		
		E 94(5)	38(4)	33(5)	34(3)	95(3)	3(1)	397(27)	300.00e	III E (4)	5	18
	Loyola University, School of Law (1925)	M 42(1)	32(2)	31	....	....	....		440.00m	III M 3		
		E 54(2)	32(4)	10	20	....	3(2)	224(11)	330.00e	III E 4	9	8
	Northwestern University, School of Law (1923)	M 95(2)	114(2)	87(4)	....	9(1)	7(1)	312(10)	675.00	III M (3)	14	12
	University of Chicago, Law School (1923)	M 132(8)	79(8)	59(2)	....	8	1	279(18)	738.00	IV M (3)	23	5
Urbana	University of Illinois, College of Law (1923)	M 124(6)	67(1)	69	....	4(3)	3	267(10)	150.00r 370.00n	III M 3½	16	1
INDIANA												
Bloomington	Indiana University, School of Law (1923) (Includes Indianapolis Division)	M 112(2)	65(3)	49(2)	....	2	....		200.00mr 450.00mn	III M (3)		
		E 87(7)	35(1)	55(4)	21(3)	....	7(1)	433(23)	100.00e	III E (4)	24	0
Notre Dame	University of Notre Dame, College of Law (1925)	M 72	66	63	....	....	....	201	650.00	III M 3	10	7
Valparaiso	Valparaiso University, School of Law (1929)	M 35(1)	19	23	....	....	....	77(1)	425.00	III M (3)	6	0
IOWA												
Des Moines	Drake University, The Law School (1923)	M 52(2)	30(1)	28	....	2	8(1)	120(4)	500.00	III M (3)	7	3
Iowa City	State University of Iowa, College of Law (1925)	M 80(2)	63	55(2)	....	4	....	202(4)	98.00r 208.00n	III M (3½)	10	2
KANSAS												
Lawrence	University of Kansas, School of Law (1923)	M 81(3)	44(1)	44(1)	169(5)	165.00r 355.00n	III M (3)	8	0

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		Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
		Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time
Topeka	Washburn University, School of Law (1923)	M100(3) 30 28(1) 2	160(4) 252.00	III M (3)	6	18
KENTUCKY						
Lexington	University of Kentucky, College of Law (1925)	M 53 31(1) 28(1) 1	136.00r	III M (3)		
		M 4	117(2) 262.00n	II M (4)	9	1
Louisville	University of Louisville, School of Law (1931)	M 29(1) 27 31	448.00mr 543.00mn	III M (3)		
		M 2 2	336.00er	III M (4)		
		E 30 15(1) 10 10(1) 2 1	159(3) 400.00en	III E (4)	9	1
LOUISIANA						
Baton Rouge	Louisiana State University, Law School (1926)	M 91(1) 40 46(2) 1	178(3) 200.00n	III M (3)	11	2
	*Southern University, School of Law (1953) ²	M 4 1(1) 2 1	25.00r 125.00n	III M 3	5	2
New Orleans	Loyola University, School of Law (1931)	M 27(1) 14(2) 12 4(1)	465.00m 18.00	III M 3		
		E 35(2) 16(1) 9(1) 12 12	141(8) Cr.Hr.-e	III E 4	6	13
	Tulane University of Louisiana, School of Law (1925)	M 82(2) 52(3) 48(4) 2 19(2) 205(11)	450.00	III M 3	8	8
MARYLAND						
Baltimore	University of Maryland, School of Law (1930)	M 73(2) 45(4) 49(2) 1	200.00mr 250.00mn	III M 3		
		E 81(4) 64(3) 35 34(4) 4	386(19) 150.00e	III E 4	10	10
MASSACHUSETTS						
Boston	Boston College, Law School (1932)	M157(7) 62(2) 38 6	500.00m	III M 3		
		E113(1) 52(3) 29(1) 29(1) 29(7)	515(22) 370.00e	III E 4	12	3
	Boston University, School of Law (1925)	M229(6) 180(4) 131(4)		III M 3		
		M 8 39(2) 2	589(16) 550.00	III M 4	10	14
	Northeastern University, School of Law (1942)	E 27(2) 13 74(5) 2	116(7) 18.00 Cr. Hr.	III E (4)	3	19
	*Suffolk University, School of Law (1953) ²	M 30 13 39(3)	400.00m 15.00	III M 3		
		E 54(3) 35(3) 46(3) 41(2) 3(2)	261(16) Cr.Hr.-e	III E 4	5	19

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		Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
		Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time
Cambridge	Harvard University, Law School (1923) M519(8) 462(14) 437(9) 63(6) 19	1500(37)	800.00	IV M 3	47	4
MICHIGAN						
Ann Arbor	University of Michigan, Law School (1923) M302(8) 181(5) 204(5) 16 7(2)	710(20)	250.00r 500.00n	IV M (3)	27	3
Detroit	Detroit College of Law (1944) M 42(1) 22(1) 16 4 E 65(1) 28(2) 33(1) 27 9(2)	246(8)	308.00m 220.00c	III M (3) III E (4)	4	16
	University of Detroit, School of Law (1933) M 75(3) 39 48(2) 2(1) E 54(6) 32(4) 19 35 17(3)	321(19)	420.00m 300.00e	III M (3) III E (4)	7	10
	Wayne University, Law School (1939) M 80(2) 65(6) 62(2) 1 E 99(9) 42(5) 45(7) 38 65(1) 7	504(32)	195.00mr 395.00mn 9.75 Cr.Hr.-er 19.75 Cr.Hr.-en	III M 3 III E 4	8	16
MINNESOTA						
Minneapolis	University of Minnesota, Law School (1923) M 75(2) 45 37 1 M 90(1) 55(2) 37(1) 38 378(6)	375.00n	159.00r 375.00n	III M (3½) II M 4	14	1
St. Paul	*St. Paul College of Law (1938) E 99(1) 28 32 44(2) 6	209(3)	250.00	III E 4	3	19
MISSISSIPPI						
Oxford	University of Mississippi, School of Law (1930) M 50(1) 28(3) 21 3(2)	102(6)	263.00r 363.00n	IV M (3)	5	5
MISSOURI						
Columbia	University of Missouri, School of Law (1923) M 69(3) 37(2) 31 137(5)	225.00n	150.00r 225.00n	III M (3)	9	2
Kansas City	University of Kansas City, School of Law (1936) M 53(4) 18(1) 19(1) 1 2 E 94(11) 37(3) 23(2) 33(2) 9 12(1)	306(25)	460.00m 350.00e	III M (3) III E (4)	9	13
St. Louis	Lincoln University, School of Law (1941) M 2 6 3 1(1)	12(1)	Recip. Basis-n	III M (3)	5	1
	St. Louis University, School of Law (1924) M 48 32 45(2) E 41(3) 36(3) 18(1) 35(1) 4	259(10)	260.00m 230.00e	III M 3 III E 4	9	15
	Washington University, School of Law (1923) M 51(4) 32(1) 38(2) 2	123(7)	300.00	III M 3	10	6

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		Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
		Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time
MONTANA						
Missoula	Montana State University, School of Law (1923)	M 39	21	23(1)	.....	.....
		M	6	4	.....	.....
					93(1)	150.00n
						III M (3)
						4 5
NEBRASKA						
Lincoln	University of Nebraska, College of Law (1923)	M 33	21	15	....	....
		M 27	14	10	23	....
					143	160.00r
						320.00n
						IV M 3
						II M 4
						14 2
Omaha	The Creighton University, School of Law (1924)	M 48(2)	18(1)	21	....	....
					87(3)	400.00
						III M 3
						7 4
NEW JERSEY						
Camden	Rutgers University (South Jersey Division) School of Law (1950)	M 9	15	19(1)	....	....
					43(1)	15.00 Cr.Hr.-r 20.00 Cr.Hr.-n
						III M 3
						5 11
Newark	Rutgers University, School of Law (1941)	M 66(5)	46(1)	44(4)	....	....
		E 34(2)	25(1)	14	20	2
					17(2)	1
					269(15)	420.00mr 560.00mn 300.00er 400.00en
						III M (3)
						III E (4)
						13 15
	*Seton Hall University, School of Law (1951) ³	M 37(1)	29(1)	15	....	....
		E 74(1)	31(2)	17(1)	9	....
					1	1
					213(6)	15.00 Cr. Hr.
						IV M 3
						IV E (4)
						6 18
NEW MEXICO						
Albuquerque	University of New Mexico, College of Law (1952)	M 36(1)	15	21	....	....
					72(1)	200.00r 400.00n
						III M 3
						8 0
NEW YORK						
Albany	Union University, Albany Law School (1930)	M121(5)	69(3)	65(2)	....	....
					2	2
					257(10)	550.00
						III M 3
						7 12
Buffalo	University of Buffalo, School of Law (1936)	M110(6)	89(6)	76(4)	....	....
					5(1)	5(1)
					280(17)	600.00
						III M 3
						6 22
Ithaca	Cornell University, Law School (1923)	M119(2)	114(4)	83(1)	....	....
					2	4(1)
					322(8)	750.00
						IV M 3
						15 2
New York	*Brooklyn Law School (1937)	M169(10)	143(8)	113(5)	....	....
		E215(7)	173(8)	117(5)	181(7)	103(2)
					4(1)	1229(53)
						390.00m 290.00e
						III M (3)
						III E (4)
						15 25
	Columbia University, School of Law (1923)	M205(7)	193(7)	205(19)
					27(5)	3
					698(38)	750.00
						III M 3
						33 3

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LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

							Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers	
							Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time
	Fordham University, School of Law (1936)										
	M 177(10)	128(6)	104(6)	.....	.....	.....		550.00m	IV M 3		
	E 109(5)	60(2)	54(6)	51(2)	.....	3(1)	686(38)	375.00e	IV E 4	9 15	
	*New York Law School (1954) ⁴										
	M 78(6)	43(3)	25(3)	.....	.....	.....			III M (3)		
	M 11(3)	10(1)	5(1)	3	.....	.....		450.00m	III M (4)	7 32	
	E 80(4)	36(2)	23(1)	27	26(2)	15(1)	382(27)	400.00e	III E (4)		
	New York University, School of Law (1930)										
	M 238(8)	176(6)	158(7)	.....	.....	.....		700.00m	III M (3)		
	E 133(8)	109(10)	93(9)	78(3)	658(28)	34(3)	1670(82)	525.00e	III E (4)	27 78	
	St. John's University, School of Law (1937)										
	M 138(4)	105(2)	103(7)	.....	.....	.....		540.00m	III M (3)		
	E 95(2)	81(5)	78(6)	140(4)	18	5(2)	763(32)	400.00e	III E (4)	17 11	
Syracuse	Syracuse University, College of Law (1923)										
	M 90(3)	80(2)	69(2)	.....	.....	2	241(7)	700.00	III M 3	8 1	
	NORTH CAROLINA										
Chapel Hill	University of North Carolina, School of Law (1925)										
	M 83(3)	72(2)	50(1)	.....	.....	.....	205(6)	150.00r 360.00n	III M (3)	10 6	
Durham	Duke University, School of Law (1931)										
	M 50(1)	38	27	.....	6	1	122(1)	350.00	III M 3	12 0	
	*North Carolina College, Law School (1950) ⁵										
	M 6(1)	2	4	.....	.....	2(1)	14(2)	100.00r 362.50n	III M 3	5 3	
Wake Forest	Wake Forest College, School of Law (1936)										
	M 51(1)	19(1)	27	.....	.....	.....	97(2)	400.00	III M (3)	7 1	
	NORTH DAKOTA										
Grand Forks	University of North Dakota, School of Law (1923)										
	M 39	34	20	.....	.....	1	94	85.00r 139.00n	III M 3	5 6	
	OHIO										
Ada	*Ohio Northern University, College of Law (1948) ⁶										
	M 25	10(1)	13	.....	.....	2(1)	50(2)	330.00	III M (3)	5 0	
Cincinnati	University of Cincinnati, College of Law (1923)										
	M 60	34	47	.....	5	5	151	330.00r 430.00n	III M 3	9 14	
	*Salmon P. Chase, College of Law (1954) ⁷										
	E 63(6)	46(1)	35(1)	42(2)	4	3	193(10)	270.00	III E 4½	3 11	

*Not a member of Association of American Law Schools.

4. Provisionally approved March 1954.

5. Full approval granted August 1954.

6. Provisionally approved September 1943.

7. Provisionally approved March 1954.

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

		<i>Total Enrollment</i>			<i>No. of Teachers</i>		
		<i>Fall 1954</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require-ments</i>	<i>Full-time</i>	<i>Part-time</i>	
Cleveland	Western Reserve University, School of Law (1923)		600.00m				
	M112(4) 85(1) 77(3) 3	277(8)	25.00	III M (3)	10	12	
Columbus	*Franklin University, School of Law (1950) ⁸	E 60(1) 29 18(2) 15(1) 2	124(4)	336.00	III E 4	3	10
	Ohio State University, College of Law (1923)	M148(5) 124(2) 89(5) 361(12)	483.00n	III M (3)	15	2	
Toledo	University of Toledo, College of Law (1939)	E 81(5) 34(3) 32(1) 26(2) 8(1)	181(12)	200.00r 232.00n	III E 4	6	3
	OKLAHOMA						
Norman	University of Oklahoma, College of Law (1923)	M121(4) 84(1) 59(2) 5	269(7)	132.00r 372.00n	III M (3)	9	3
	Tulsa	*University of Tulsa, School of Law (1950)	E 76(5) 50(1) 40(3) 26(1) 10 4(1)	206(11)	15.00 Cr. Hr.	III E 4	3 11
OREGON							
Eugene	University of Oregon, School of Law (1923)	M 40(2) 23(1) 19(1) 82(4)	30.00	III M 3	4	1	
	Salem	Willamette University, College of Law (1938)	M 28 35(1) 31 6	100(1)	510.00	III M 3	7 1
PENNSYLVANIA							
Carlisle	Dickinson School of Law (1931)	M 70 66(1) 52(2) 12(2)	200(5)	450.00	III M 3	5	9
	Philadelphia	Temple University, School of Law (1933)	M134(5) 80(2) 65(1) 2	500.00m	III M (3)		
E 99(3) 47(2) 45(2) 41(2) 27 22(4)		562(21)	375.00e	III E (4)	8	15	
Pittsburgh	University of Pennsylvania, Law School (1923)	M156(7) 134(7) 104(1) 9(1)	3(1)	406(17)	700.00	IV M 3	20 6
	University of Pittsburgh, School of Law (1923)	M 76(1) 66(2) 45 1	188(3)	400.00	IV M 3 ^{1/2}	8	4
Villanova	*Villanova University, School of Law (1954) ⁹	M 63(1) 33(1) 2	98(2)	400.00	IV M 3	7	0
	PUERTO RICO						
Rio Piedras	University of Puerto Rico, School of Law (1945)	M 66(9) 26(3) 16(1) 9(2)	117(15)	140.00	IV M 3	6	3

*Not a member of Association of American Law Schools.
8. Fall approval granted August 1953.
9. Provisionally approved March 1954.

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

						Total Enrollment		Require-ments	No. of Teachers			
						Fall 1954	Annual Tuition		Full-time	Part-time		
SOUTH CAROLINA												
Columbia	University of South Carolina, School of Law (1925)	M 44(2)	59	15	....	....	4	122(2)	250.00r 250.00n	III M (3)	8	4
Orangeburg	*South Carolina State College, School of Law (1950) ¹⁰	M 3	3	....	....	....	....	6	120.00r 250.00n	III M 3	5	2
SOUTH DAKOTA												
Vermillion	University of South Dakota, School of Law (1923)	M 32(1)	32	16	....	....	....	80(1)	120.00r 180.00n	III M 3	8	0
TENNESSEE												
Knoxville	University of Tennessee, College of Law (1925)	M 51(2)	38(1)	35	....	....	2	126(3)	159.00r 384.00n	III M (3)	8	2
Lebanon	Cumberland University, School of Law (1949)	M 16	13(1)	8	....	....	3	40(1)	300.00	III M (3)	5	0
Nashville	Vanderbilt University, School of Law (1925)	M 67(1)	44(2)	24	....	....	6	141(3)	400.00	III M (3)	8	7
TEXAS												
Austin	University of Texas, School of Law (1923)	M 467(21)	168(5)	128(5)	....	7	....	770(31)	50.00r 300.00n	III M 3¼	21	6
Dallas	Southern Methodist University, School of Law (1927)	M 82(2)	57(1)	54(1)	....	19(1)	....	360(10)	500.00m 375.00e	III M 3¼ III E 4½	15	6
Houston	*University of Houston, School of Law (1950)	M 24(3)	19(1)	8	....	....	9(1)	211(16)	450.00m 270.00e	III M (3) III E (4¾)	6	4
	*Texas Southern University, School of Law (1949) ¹¹	M 17	7(2)	2	....	....	....	40(9)	50.00mr 300.00mn	III M 3 III E 4	6	1
San Antonio	St. Mary's University of San Antonio, School of Law (1948)	M 48(3)	25	22(1)	....	2	....	166(9)	450.00m 289.00e	III M (3) III E 4	5	16
Waco	Baylor University, School of Law (1931)	M 42(2)	26	25	....	....	....	92(2)	360.00	III M (3)	9	4

*Not a member of Association of American Law Schools.

10. Provisionally approved February 1950.

11. Provisionally approved September 1949.

LAW SCHOOLS ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

		<i>Total Enrollment</i>				<i>Tuition</i>		<i>No. of Teachers</i>			
		<i>Fall</i>	<i>Annual</i>	<i>Require-</i>	<i>Full-</i>	<i>Part-</i>					
		<i>1954</i>	<i>Tuition</i>	<i>ments</i>	<i>time</i>	<i>time</i>					
UTAH											
Salt Lake City	University of Utah, School of Law (1927)	M 42(3)	41	37	.....	1	210.00r	III M 3		
		M 22	11(1)	5(1)	5	.....	164(5)	360.00n	II M 4	9 1
VIRGINIA											
Charlottesville	University of Virginia, School of Law (1923)	M 175(2)	122(4)	89	2	1(1)	389(7)	235.00r	450.00n	III M (3) 14 9
Lexington	Washington & Lee University, School of Law (1923)	M 46	27	31	.....	3	107	550.00	III M (3)	5 3
Richmond	University of Richmond, T. C. Williams School of Law (1928)	M 57	22	18(1)	.....	2			III M (3)	
		M 3	3	1	.....	2	108(1)	421.00	II M (4)	6 4
Williamsburg	College of William and Mary, The Marshall-Wythe School of Law (1932)	M 33(2)	15(1)	15(3)	.....	1	102(9)	260.00r	490.00n	III M (3) 6 0
WASHINGTON											
Seattle	University of Washington, School of Law (1924)	M 144(3)	85(2)	75(6)	.....	4	308(11)	165.00r	315.00n	III M 3 20 0
Spokane	*Gonzaga University, School of Law (1951) ¹²	E 52(1)	32	27(1)	21(1)	.....	13(1)	145(4)	380.00	II E 4 5 15
WEST VIRGINIA											
Morgantown	West Virginia University, College of Law (1924)	M 51(2)	46(1)	44	.....	4(1)	145(4)	67.00r	192.00n	III M 3 6 3
WISCONSIN											
Madison	University of Wisconsin, Law School (1923)	M 250(4)	122(2)	105(5)	11(1)	1	489(12)	200.00r	520.00n	III M (3) 22 4
Milwaukee	Marquette University, Law School (1925)	M 91(2)	58(2)	61	.....	.....	210(4)	480.00	III M (3)	6 7
WYOMING											
Laramie	University of Wyoming, Law School (1923)	M 19(1)	14	14	.....	.....	47(1)	156.00r	366.00n	III M 3 5 2

*Not a member of Association of American Law Schools.
12. Provisionally approved February 1951 — A full-time school.

LAW SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES NOT ON THE APPROVED LIST
OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION, 1954

		<i>Total Enrollment</i>				<i>No. of Teachers</i>	
		<i>Fall 1954</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>Full- time</i>	<i>Part- time</i>	
ALABAMA							
Birmingham	Birmingham School of Law	E 31(3) 23(1) 27(1) 23(1)	104(6)	122.00	III E 4	0	18
Montgomery	The Jones Law School	E 12(1) 12(3) 31(1) 37(3)	92(8)	120.00	III E 4	4	7
ARKANSAS							
Little Rock	Arkansas Law School	E 21(3) 19(3) 9(1)	49(7)	200.00	II E 3	0	22
CALIFORNIA							
Los Angeles	Pacific Coast University, School of Law	M 51(4) 41(5) 29(2) 10 1	132(11)	321.00	II M (3)	1	9
	Southwestern University, School of Law	M 48(1) 29(4) 34(1) 12		288.00m	II M (3½)		
		E 237(26) 97(15) 65(6) 143(6) 15	680(59)	216.00e	II E (4½)	7	14
Sacramento	McGeorge College of Law	E 54(3) 14(1) 16(1) 21(3)	105(8)	225.00	II E (4)	0	18
San Diego	University of San Diego, School of Law	E 48(3)	48(3)	270.00	III E 4	0	9
San Francisco	Golden Gate College, School of Law	E 57(5) 30(1) 18(1) 20 2(1)	127(8)	283.50	II E 4	2	9
	Lincoln University, School of Law	M					
	San Francisco Law School	E 66(7) 32(9) 16(1) 8(2)	122(19)	300.00	II E 4	0	20
Stockton	Humphreys College	E 35(1) 7(2) 5(1) 11(1) 2	60(5)	300.00	II E 4	0	7
COLORADO							
Denver	Westminster Law School	E 31 19(1) 7(1) 1 26	84(2)	225.00	II E 4	2	19
FLORIDA							
Tallahassee	Florida A. & M. University, College of Law	M 3 2 3		175.00mn	IV M 3		
		E 3(2) 1	12(2)	125.00en	IV E 4	6	0
GEORGIA							
Atlanta	Atlanta Law School	E					

LAW SCHOOLS NOT ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

		<i>Total Enrollment</i>				<i>Annual Tuition</i>		<i>Require-</i>	<i>No. of Teachers</i>	
		<i>Full</i>	<i>Annual</i>	<i>Require-</i>	<i>Full-</i>	<i>Part-</i>	<i>ments</i>	<i>time</i>	<i>time</i>	
		<i>1954</i>	<i>Tuition</i>	<i>ments</i>	<i>time</i>	<i>time</i>				
	John Marshall Law School									
	M 7(1) 10(1)									
	E 44(8) 52(4) 14(1) 1	128(15)	162.00	OM 2	4	5				
Augusta	Augusta Law School									
	E									
Macon	Woodrow Wilson College of Law									
	E 60(5) 50(3) 15	125(3)	162.00	OE 2	0	10				
MAINE										
Portland	Portland University Law School									
	M 9 10(1) 10	29(1)	375.00	II M 3	3	21				
MARYLAND										
Baltimore	University of Baltimore, School of Law									
	E 109(3) 78(6) 89(3)	6	282(12)	200.00	II E 3	0	22			
	Mt. Vernon Law School									
	E 84(3) 52(2) 35	171(5)	200.00	II E (3)	0	30				
MASSACHUSETTS										
Boston	Portia Law School									
	M									
	E									
MINNESOTA										
Minneapolis	Minneapolis-Minnesota College of Law									
	E 39(2) 34 34(1) 35	16(2)	158(5)	100.00	III E 4	0	23			
MISSISSIPPI										
Jackson	Jackson School of Law									
	E 60(6) 24(3)	84(9)	120.00	OE 2	0	13				
OHIO										
Akron	Akron Law School									
	E									
Canton	Wm. McKinley School of Law									
	E 23(2) 13(2) 21(2) 30(3)	4	91(9)	300.00	III E 4	0	14			
Cleveland	Cleveland-Marshall Law School									
	E 166(9) 181(11) 131(6) 154(7) 60(3) 14(2) 706(38)	335.00	III E 4	2	27					
Youngstown	Youngstown College, School of Law									
	E 25(1) 18 13 13 19	88(1)	280.00	III E 4½	2	8				
OKLAHOMA										
Oklahoma City	Oklahoma City University, Law School									
	E 42(3) 31(2) 22(2) 40(1) 7 23	175(8)	370.00	III E 4	0	9				

LAW SCHOOLS NOT ON THE APPROVED LIST OF A.B.A., 1954

		Total Enrollment:					No. of Teachers	
		Fall 1954	Annual Tuition	Require-ments	Full-time	Part-time		
OREGON								
Portland	Northwestern College of Law E 108(7) 43(2) 39(2) 27(2)	17(2)	239(15)	235.00	II E 4	0	20	
PENNSYLVANIA								
Pittsburgh	Duquesne University, School of Law E 41(1) 13(1) 15 18		87(2)	350.00	IV E 4	2	16	
PUERTO RICO								
San Juan	San Juan School of Law E 18(1) 43(7)	4	65(8)	400.00	IV E 4	0	7	
TENNESSEE								
Jackson	Andrew Jackson College of Law E							
Chattanooga	The McKenzie College of Law E 12 18(2) 12(1)		42(3)	230.00	III E 4	0	30	
Memphis	University of Memphis Law School E							
	Southern Law University E 48(3) 25(2) 30(1) 29(2)		132(8)	180.00	III E 3	4	0	
Nashville	Y.M.C.A. Law School E 15 8 6 9(1)		38(1)	250.00	III E 4	0	12	
TEXAS								
Houston	South Texas College of Law, Y.M.C.A. E		295		II E (3)			
VIRGINIA								
Richmond	Virginia College of Commerce and Law E							
	Smithdeal-Massey College of Law E							

LAW SCHOOL ATTENDANCE FIGURES FOR 1954

	First Year	Second Year	Third Year	Fourth Year	Graduates	Special Unclassified	Total
Approved Schools	10,722 (367) 3,486 (191)	7,079 (226) 1,926 (115)	6,083 (202) 1,544 (91)	95 (0) 1,422 (60)	253 (23) 1,431 (52)	343 (38) 626 (53)	24,580 (856) 10,435 (562)
TOTAL	14,208 (558)	9,005 (341)	7,627 (293)	1,517 (60)	1,689 (75)	969 (91)	35,015 (1,418)
Unapproved Schools	118 (6) 1,489 (108)	92 (11) 941 (84)	76 (3) 654 (31)	12 650 (33)	10 116 (4)	1 116 (7)	309 (20) 4,241 (266)*
TOTAL	1,607 (114)	1,033 (95)	730 (34)	642 (33)	126 (4)	117 (7)	4,550 (286)

The total of 4,241 (266) evening students in unapproved schools includes 295 students not classified by year by the reporting school.

Averages in Approved Schools

70.20% of the students in the 127 approved schools are enrolled in morning classes.
29.80% of the students are enrolled in evening classes of 45 schools.

Average in Unapproved Schools*

6.79% of the students in unapproved law schools are enrolled in morning classes of 5 schools.
93.21% of the students in unapproved law schools are enrolled in evening classes of 28 schools.

88.5% of the total number of law students enrolled in Fall 1954 are in approved law schools.
11.5% of the total number of law students enrolled in Fall 1954 are in unapproved law schools.

*Nine unapproved schools did not report to two requests for enrollment statistics and no account is taken of the enrollment in those schools in the computations.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

This table contains information of educational and residence requirements reported November 1, 1954. Full information and subsequent changes, if any, may be obtained by writing to the Clerk of the Supreme Court or the Secretary of the Bar Board in each state.

American Bar Association Recommendations	Duration and distribution of period of law study if pursued:			Residence Requirements (for original applicants only, does not apply to lawyers seeking admission on comity for whom separate requirements are usually laid down)
	Minimum amount of general education required before:	Beginning period of law study	Taking final examination	
	Three years of resident study in a college.	Three years of full-time or "a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours," of part-time study	Wholly in a law school	
Alabama	2 years college or examination conducted by the state university	At least the law school study recommended in the next column. No recommendation as to supplementary office work	Wholly in a law school	Bona fide residence at time of application
Arizona	3 years college	No credit for office work	Not permitted	Six months prior to filing application. Students of College of Law, Univ. of Arizona, 2 semesters resident attendance immediately prior to examination.
Arkansas	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Six months and 2 weeks
California	2 years approved college, or be 23 years of age and have equivalent of 2 years of college in intellectual ability	4 years in California law office or California Judge's chambers, or by correspondence. Must study aggregate of 3,450 hours and must take and pass first-year law student's examination at end of first year of law study	4 years. Any combination of study mentioned in preceding column and law school study	Three months
Colorado	2 years regular college work. On special petition slight deficiencies in preliminary college education may be made up during first year in law school.	Not permitted	Not permitted	Bona fide residence at time of application
Connecticut	Three-fourths of the work required for a bachelor's degree at an accredited college or university.	Bachelor's degree at an accredited college or university.	Not permitted	Bona fide intention to become resident
Delaware	Degree from college or university in a course approved by the Board of Examiners, or examination in college level work given by Delaware University.	Registration required before examination	Study for at least 3 calendar years partly in a law school and partly in office of a member of bar of Delaware who has practiced in Delaware at least ten years	6 months for admission. Bona fide residence at time of application for registration or examination

State	Requirements	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	None
S. C. Federal Court for the District of Columbia	3 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full-time or "a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours" of part-time study in a school approved by the Court or its Committee on Admissions and Grievances	None
S. C. Ct. of Appeals for the District of Columbia (Practitioner)	3 years college	No credit given for office study	.....	.....	None
Florida	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A. B. A. or member of A. A. L. S.	None
Georgia	High school or substantial equivalent	2 years of reading law in office of Georgia practitioner	No rule	2 years of successfully completed legal study in a resident law school	18 months next preceding application
Idaho	2 years college	4 years law office study	4 years	3 years full-time law school; 4 years part-time law school in a law school approved by A.B.A.	3 months prior to application
Illinois	60 semester hours' college work or 60 semester hours of college work for admission to 4 year full-time law program.	4 years law office study; 36 weeks per year	4 years	Graduate of law school approved by A.B.A.	None
Indiana	3 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A.B.A.	None
Iowa	3 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A.B.A.	None
Kansas	3 years college	3 years law office study. Registration required	No provision	Full course of study in accredited law school including conferred degree of LL.B. or higher	Resident of state providing that non-residents graduating from an accredited law school in Kansas may take the first examination held after graduation
Kentucky	Satisfy A. B. A. requirements	Not permitted	Not permitted	LL.B. degree from a law school approved by A. B. A. or by Assn. of American Law Schools	None
Kentucky	Beginning Oct. 1, 1956 must have had 3 years college	3 years law office study. Registration required	Law office study and law school study equivalent to 3 years full-time law school study	3 years in law school approved by A. B. A.	None

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

	<i>Minimum amount of general education required before:</i>	<i>Duration and distribution of period of law study if pursued:</i>	<i>Residence Requirements (for original applicants only, does not apply to lawyers seeking admission on comity for whom separate requirements are usually laid down)</i>	
	<i>Beginning period of law study</i>	<i>Taking final examination</i>	<i>Partly in a law school</i> <i>Wholly in a law school</i>	
Maine	2 years college except honorably discharged veterans	.....	3 years approved day law school; 4 years approved night law school; or graduation from an approved law school	6 months
Maryland	2 years college	.....	3 years resulting in graduation from school approved by Board	Bona fide residence at time of application
Massachusetts	2 years college or equivalent in opinion of Board	.....	3 years law office study. Approval of such study in advance	No residence required for original applicants
Michigan	2 years college	.....	3 to 4 years. Approval of such study in advance	None
Minnesota	Satisfy A.B.A. requirements	.....	Not permitted	Residence required but length not specified
Mississippi	2 years college	4 years high school	2 years office study. Approval of such study in advance	Bona fide residence for one year preceding date of application
Missouri	2 years college	.....	Not permitted	3 months prior to date of filing application
Montana	2 years college or equivalent	.....	No provision	6 months prior to date of filing application and bona fide resident of the state

Nebraska	2 years in a college accredited to University of Nebraska	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A. B. A.	Bona fide intention to become resident
Nevada	2 years in accredited college or university and high school graduate	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A. B. A.	0 months
N. Hampshire	3 years college	3 years	4 years	Graduate A.B.A. approved school	Residence required but length not specified
New Jersey	3 years college	Not permitted	The law school study required in next column and at least 9 months of law office clerkship	Completion of all courses required for law degree in a school which complies with A. B. A. standards	Resident of state during his nine months' clerkship and for a period of at least 6 months prior to date of bar examination
New Mexico	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years full-time or 4 years part-time study in law school approved by A. B. A.	8 months
New York	2 years college	4 years law office study	4 years partly in law school and partly in a law office	Successful completion of 3-year day school or 4-year evening course at an approved law school and graduation with LL.B. degree	6 months
North Carolina	2 years college	3 years. Registration required	3 years partly in law school and partly in a law office. Registration required	8 years in school approved by the Board, completed within a period of six years except as to time spent in armed service. Registration required	Bona fide resident and citizen of non-resident student for one scholastic year in an approved law school in state, having intention of becoming a resident within 6 months after filing application
North Dakota	None	2 years college work of specified character	3 years	3 years	Resident at time of application
Ohio	3 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	LL.B. degree from a school approved by A.B.A. or League of Ohio Law Schools	6 months. For non-resident who commences study within the state; the year starts to run from date of registration with the Clerk of Supreme Court
Ohio (Iowa)	3 years college work effective Sept. 1, 1955	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduation from school approved by A.B.A. or Board of Bar Examiners	60 days
Oregon	2 years college or passing examination demonstrating equivalent	Not permitted	Not permitted	Satisfactory completion of regular course in law school approved by Supreme Court which shall be not less than 3 years' duration	Bona fide intention to become resident, expressed in affidavit at time of filing application

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

	<i>Minimum amount of general education required before:</i>	<i>Duration and distribution of period of law study if pursued:</i>	<i>Residence Requirements (for original applicants only, does not apply to lawyers seeking admission on comity for whom separate requirements are usually laid down)</i>	
	<i>Beginning period of law study</i>	<i>Taking final examination</i>	<i>Wholly in a law school</i>	
Pennsylvania	Satisfactory degree from an approved college or education which in the opinion of the Board is equivalent to a college education entitling applicant to a satisfactory college degree, prior to registration	4 years full-time in the office of a practicing attorney	Successful completion, under regular or accelerated program, of required course of study for the law degree in a full-time or part-time law school approved by the American Bar Association, including six months of office work, not more than 2 months of which may be interpolated into one law school vacation and at least four months must be served after the bar examination	Bona fide residence at time of issuance of admission certificate
Rhode Island	2 years college or education equivalent to successful completion of 2 years work at Brown University	4 years full-time law office study. Registration required	Degree from approved law school plus 6 months office study. If no degree from law school, aggregate of 4 years study including 6 months in law office	6 months
South Carolina	High School	3 years law office study	3 years in a recognized law school	6 months prior to application
South Dakota	3 years college	Not permitted	3 years of full-time or 4 years of part-time law school study resulting in graduation from law school approved by A. B. A.	Residence at time of application
Tennessee	3 years college with scholastic average equal in that required for graduation	Not permitted	Graduation from a school approved by A.B.A. or Board of Law Examiners	Bona fide intention to reside and practice in state
Texas	80 semester hours of college credit with a "C" average	36 months law office study. Registration required.	27 months full-time, 36 months part-time study in approved law school	1 year
Utah	2 years resident college study plus 4 years resident law school study or 3 years resident college plus 3 years resident law school study	Not permitted	Graduation with M.L.B. degree from a resident law school which requires for such degree a minimum of 6 years professional and academic study in an accredited institution	3 months prior to application

Connecticut	2 years satisfactory college work embracing one-half the work required for J.D. degree in a college approved by the court	4 years after registration	4 years after registration. Credit given for law school study toward 4 year requirement	3 years if in a law school approved by Supreme Court	6 months for law school graduates or for admission on motion or for out-of-state attorneys to appear for examinations. Must be citizen of state in addition to 6 months residence
Virginia	3 years college	3 years. Prior registration required	3 years	Graduate school approved by A.B.A. or Board of Examiners	6 months residence
Vermont	3 years college	4 years law office study. Registration required.	3 to 4 years law school work, but not yielding a degree, followed by further study in school or in office in state, in discretion of the board	Graduate from an approved law school	90 days
West Virginia	2 years college or examination by West Virginia University demonstrating possession of equivalent education	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full-time study in law school approved by A.B.A. or member of A.A.L.S.	1 year
Wisconsin	3 years college or 2 years college or equivalent if followed by 4 years resident attendance in full-time law school	Not permitted	Not permitted	4 years	Residence at time of application
Wyoming	None	Not permitted	1 year in approved law school, 2 years in law office study	3 years in approved law school	None. Ado residence at time of application

CHANGES IN THE LAW SCHOOLS

As of November 1, 1954, there are 127 schools on the approved list of the American Bar Association. Of these, Ohio Northern University College of Law, South Carolina State College School of Law, Texas Southern University School of Law, Gonzaga University School of Law, Seton Hall University School of Law, Southern University School of Law (Louisiana), Suffolk University School of Law, the John Marshall Law School of Chicago, Salmon P. Chase College of Law, New York Law School, and Villanova University School of Law, enjoy provisional approval. Indiana University operates a full-time division in Bloomington and a part-time division in Indianapolis (counted as one school in the total above), while Rutgers University operates schools in Camden and Newark (counted as two schools in the total above), of which all are fully approved. A new law school was opened in September 1954 at the University of San Diego. The Columbus University merged with the Catholic University of America and National University merged with George Washington University, September 1, 1954.

CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF LAW

The American Bar Association expressly disapproves of correspondence law courses as a means of preparation for bar examinations and for practice. A diploma or degree from a correspondence school of law does not qualify one to appear for the bar examination in any state. Before one pursues a correspondence law course, it is suggested that he first familiarize himself with the rules and regulations of the state in which he intends to practice and particularly inquire whether correspondence law courses are acceptable under the applicable rules and regulations of the said state and any governmental agencies with which one expects to secure employment.

II-4 FULL-TIME PROGRAMS

As of the autumn of 1954, the following schools were operating four-year full-time programs: University of Alabama, University of Arkansas, University of Southern California, the Hastings College of Law of the University of California, University of Denver, Mercer University, University of Kentucky, University of Louisville, Boston University, University of Minnesota, University of Nebraska, University of Utah, University of Richmond and Gonzaga University. A II-4 full-time program, or an equivalent part-time program, can be established only with the prior consent of the Council of the Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar.

STANDARDS OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

Paragraphs in italics constitute some interpretations which have been made by the Council of Legal Education

(1) The American Bar Association is of the opinion that every candidate for admission to the bar should give evidence of graduation from a law school complying with the following standards:

(a) It shall require as a condition to admission at least three years of acceptable college work, except that a school which requires four years of full-term work or an equivalent of part-time work for the first professional degree in law may admit a student who has successfully completed two years of acceptable college work."

An approved school shall require of all candidates for any degree at the time of the commencement of their law study the completion of three-fourths of the work acceptable for a bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four-year period of study either by the state university or a principal college or university in the state where the law school is located.

(b) It shall require its students to pursue a course of three years' duration if they devote substantially all of their working time to their studies, and a longer course equivalent in the number of working hours, if they devote only a part of their working time to their studies.

A law school which maintains a course for full-time students and a course for part-time students must comply with all the requirements as to both courses.

The curriculum and schedule of work of a full-time course shall be so arranged that substantially the full working time of students is required for a period of three years of at least thirty weeks each. A part-time course shall cover a period of at least four years of not less than thirty-six weeks each year.

(c) It shall provide an adequate library available for the use of the students.

An adequate library shall consist of not less than seventy-five hundred well-selected, usable volumes, not counting obsolete material or broken sets of reports, kept up to date and owned or controlled by the law school or the university with which it is connected. It is required that a five-year expenditure of \$3,000 per year on library additions be made, with a minimum expenditure of \$2,000 in any one year.

A school shall be adequately supported and housed so as to make possible efficient work on the part of both students and faculty.

(d) It shall have among its teachers a sufficient number giving their entire time to the school to insure actual personal acquaintance and influence with the whole student body.

The number of full-time instructors shall not be less than one for each one hundred students or major fraction thereof, and in no case shall the number of such full-time instructors be less than three.

(e) It shall not be operated as a commercial enterprise and the compensation of any officer or member of its teaching staff shall not depend on the number of students or on the fees received.

(f) It shall be a school which in the judgment of the Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar possesses reasonably adequate facilities and maintains a sound educational policy; provided, however, that any decision of the Council in these respects shall be subject to review by the House of Delegates on the petition of any school adversely affected.

(2) The American Bar Association is of the opinion that graduation from a law school should not confer the right of admission to the bar, and that every candidate should be subject to an examination by public authority to determine his fitness.

(3) The Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar is directed to publish from time to time the names of those law schools which comply with the above standards and of those which do not and to make such publications available so far as possible to intending law students.

Schools shall be designated "Approved" or "Unapproved." No school shall be placed upon the approved list without an inspection prior to such approval made under the direction of the Council. The approval first given is called "provisional approval." This means that the school fully meets the standards of the American Bar Association, but is subject to reinspection after the lapse of a period which is usually about two years. After a reinspection has been made, the Association on the recommendation of the Council may give full approval.

