

**Law Schools and Bar Admission  
Requirements**

**in the United States**

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**1947 REVIEW OF LEGAL EDUCATION**

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*With the assistance of The National Conference of Bar Examiners, the various state bar examiners, and law school deans, we are able to furnish, in the pages that follow, up-to-date information on law schools and bar admission requirements. Copies of this booklet are available without charge on request.*

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

1140 North Dearborn Street  
CHICAGO 10, ILLINOIS

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**LAW SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES ON THE APPROVED LIST  
OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION, 1947**

The requirements shown in the following tables are stated in terms of academic years. An academic year in a law school consists of not less than thirty weeks if the students devote substantially all of their time to the study of law, or not less than thirty-two weeks in a part-time school.

Following World War II, some of the schools adopted accelerated programs which would permit a student to complete his law school work in a lesser number of calendar years. No attempt is here made to indicate those schools. Suffice it to say, the accelerated programs have generally been discontinued and one who desires it may secure further information from the schools.

*The figure in parenthesis following the name of the law school indicates the year in which the school was approved by the Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar of the American Bar Association. The figures following M and E directly beneath the name of the school show the number of students in each class or year, namely, first year, second year, third year, fourth year, graduate, and special or unclassified students. The figure in parenthesis immediately following attendance total is included in the total, but merely indicates the number of women attending law school classes.*

*Under the heading "Annual Tuition" the following symbols are used: r stands for resident; n for nonresident; m for morning; a for afternoon; e for evening. Tuition given is for two semesters or three-quarters of a school year; tuition for summer sessions is not shown.*

*Under "Requirements" Roman numeral indicates number of years of college study required for entrance as law student. Capital letter M means full-time morning classes; classes in late afternoon are designated by capital A; capital E denotes part-time classes held in evening. Arabic numerals show number of years required to complete course. Parenthesis indicates course may be shortened by local summer school work.*

		Total Enrollments			No. of Full-time Teachers	No. of Part-time Teachers
		Sept., 1947	Annual Tuition	Require- ments		
ALABAMA						
University	University of Alabama, School of Law (1926)	578(15)	\$175.00r	II M (4) II M (3)	11	6
	M 271(8) 197(5) 110(2) .. .. .					
ARIZONA						
Tucson	University of Arizona, College of Law (1930)	162(5)	80.00r 300.00n	II M (3)	6	1
	M 102(2) 34(3) 24 .. 2 ..					

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
ARKANSAS						
Fayetteville	University of Arkansas, School of Law (1926)	188(3)	\$139.00r 244.00n	II M(3)	7	2
	M 102(2) 46 35(1) .. .. 5					
CALIFORNIA						
Berkeley	University of California, School of Jurisprudence (1923)	272(17)	135.00r 435.00n	IV M(3)	14	0
	M 104(6) 85(3) 80(8) .. 2 1					
Los Angeles	Loyola University, School of Law (1935)	328(11)	330.00m 275.00e	II M(3) II E(4)	4	12
	M 86(1) 54(3) 27(1) .. .. 1					
	E 93(3) 39(2) 27(1) .. .. 1					
	Univ. of Southern California, School of Law (1924)	599(17)	450.00	III M 3	9	4
	M 296(11) 204(4) 99(2) .. .. .					
Palo Alto	Stanford University, School of Law (1923)	522(20)	500.00	III M(3)	14	3
	M 212(10) 171(3) 133(7) .. 4 2					
San Francisco	Hastings College of the Law (Affiliate of University of California) (1939)	582(23)	150.00r 300.00n	II M(3)	7	18
	M 242(12) 224(6) 108(5) .. 2 6					
	University of San Francisco, School of Law (1935)	363(14)	350.00m 300.00e	III M(3) II E(4)	6	20
	M 102(3) 83(2) 52(5) .. 3 1					
	E 51(1) 39(2) 14 8(1)·5 5					
Santa Clara	University of Santa Clara, College of Law (1937)	93	320.00	III M(3)	4	2
	M 44 35 14 .. .. .					
COLORADO						
Boulder	University of Colorado, School of Law (1923)	267(9)	188.00r 356.00n	III M(3)	9	1
	M 114(4) 95(2) 56(3) .. 2 ..					
Denver	University of Denver, School of Law (1928)	296(10)	360.00	III M(3) II M(3)	11	9
	M 136(5) 91(3) 69(2) .. .. .					
CONNECTICUT						
Hartford	University of Connecticut, School of Law (1933)	253(13)	275.00m <sup>1</sup> 220.00e <sup>2</sup>	II M(3) II E 4	5	14
	M 57(1) 37 38(2) .. .. .					
	E 43 19(1) 10(1) 12 .. 37(8)					
New Haven	Yale University, School of Law (1923)	489(21)	600.00	IV M 3	26	5
	M 162(9) 111(4) 100(3) 80(1) 36(4) ..					

<sup>1</sup> Non-resident fee \$125.00 per year additional.

<sup>2</sup> Non-resident fee \$80.00 per year additional.

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		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA						
Washington	Catholic University of America, The School of Law (1925)	144(14)	\$400.00m	IV M 3	4	11
	M 58(3) 46(2) 15(2) .. .. 9(4)					
	E .. .. . 16(3) ..					
	Columbus University, School of Law (1942)	79(6)	180.00	II E(4)	3	8
	E 27(2) 23(1) 10(2) 10 .. 9(1)					
	Georgetown University, The School of Law (1924)	910	360.00m 240.00e	IV M 2 IV A 3	11	17
	M 194 190 119 .. .. .					
	A 155 118 52 39 28 15					
	George Washington Univ., Law School (1923)	1169(88)	350.00	IV M 3 IV E 4	12	11
	M 298(19) 163(11) 61(8) .. 2(1)					
	E 373(31) 131(12) 73(4) .. 50(1) 18(1)					
	Howard University, School of Law (1931)	140(20)	150.00m 115.00e	II M 3 II E 4	8	3
	M 48(5) 51(5) 31(5) .. .. 2					
	E .. .. 4 4(3) .. ..					
	National University, School of Law (1940)	216(28)	180.00	II E(4)	3	14
	E 75(9) 43(7) 26(5) 29(3) 12(1) 31(3)					
	Washington College of Law (1940)	116(12)	220.00m 180.00e	II M 3 II E 4	4	11
	M 17 8 .. .. .					
	E 39(3) 12(1) 11(1) 14(3) .. 15(4)					
FLORIDA						
Coral Gables	The University of Miami, School of Law (1941)	543(16)	400.00	III M(3)	11	2
	M 317(6) 153(6) 68(4) .. .. .					
De Land	John B. Stetson University, College of Law (1930)	168(6)	225.00	II M(3)	6	3
	M 102(3) 50(2) 14 .. .. 2(1)					
Gainesville	University of Florida, College of Law (1925)	520(13)	120.00r 220.00n	IV M 2	9	2
	M 286(6) 139(7) 95 .. .. .					
GEORGIA						
Athens	University of Georgia, School of Law (1930)	353(17)	180.00r 430.00n	II M 3	7	5
	M 160(8) 97(4) 93(5) 3 .. ..					
Atlanta	Emory University, Lamar School of Law (1923)	282(12)	375.00m 240.00e	II M(3) II E(4)	7	7
	M 108(4) 44(1) 26 .. .. 5(1)					
	E 31(2) 21(1) 25(1) 11 .. 11(2)					
Macon	Mercer University, Law School (1925)	128(2)	300.00	II M 2	6	2
	M 58(2) 47 21 .. .. 2					

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
		IDAHO				
Moscow	University of Idaho, College of Law (1925)	100 (2)	\$100.00r 232.00n	II M (3)	5	0
	M 47 28(1) 23(1) .. 2 ..					
		ILLINOIS				
Chicago	Chicago-Kent College of Law (1936)	343 (16)	320.00	II M 3 II E 4	7	6
	M 151(4) 39(2) 20(1) .. 5 4					
	E 73(6) 20(1) 24(2) 5 .. 2					
	De Paul University, College of Law (1925)	639 (4)	305.00m 230.00e	II M (3) II E (4)	9	7
	M 151(6) 147(8) 145(7) .. .. 1					
	E 67(8) 55(4) 35(3) 34(3) .. 4(1)					
	Loyola University, School of Law (1925)	357 (14)	375.00m 275.00e	II M 2 II E 3	18	7
	M 172(3) 70(3) 13(1) .. .. ..					
	E 63(6) 36(1) .. .. .. 3					
	Northwestern University, School of Law (1923)	465 (13)	412.00	III M (3)	13	7
	M 162(2) 127(5) 165(5) .. 3 8(1)					
	University of Chicago, Law School (1923)	355 (26)	480.00	III M (3) II M (4)	18	7
	M 106(7) 132(10) 94(7) 18(1) 2(1) 3					
Urbana	University of Illinois, College of Law (1923)	469 (17)	80.00r 160.00n	III M (3) II M (4)	12	2
	M 230(12) 130(1) 100(4) 4 5 ..					
		INDIANA				
Bloomington	Indiana University, School of Law (1923)	565 (22)	130.00r 375.00n	III M 3 III E 4	21	3
	M 159(1) 86(4) 78(4) .. 2 ..					
	E 138(4) 42(3) 26(1) 22(4) 12(1) ..					
Notre Dame	University of Notre Dame, College of Law (1925)	320	480.00	III M 3	10	3
	M 69 72 91 .. 88 ..					
Valparaiso	Valparaiso University, <sup>1</sup> School of Law (1929)	67 (2)			5	1
	M 42(2) 14 10 .. .. 1					
		IOWA				
Des Moines	Drake University, The Law School (1923)	213 (7)	325.00	II M (3)	6	3
	M 126(4) 63(2) 24(1) .. .. ..					
Iowa City	State University of Iowa, College of Law (1923)	439 (7)	170.00r 240.00n	III M (3)	13	1
	M 184(1) 153(4) 102(2) .. .. ..					

<sup>1</sup> Complete current information not available.



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		Total Enrollments Sept., 1947	Annual Tuition	Require- ments	No. of Full-time Teachers	No. of Part-time Teachers
KANSAS						
Lawrence	University of Kansas, School of Law (1923) M 95(4) 63(1) 53 .. .. .	211(5)	\$ 90.00r 180.00n	III M(3)	7	0
Topeka	Washburn Municipal Univ., School of Law (1923) M 91(3) 50(1) 40(1) .. .. 2	183(5)	125.00	III M 3	6	15
KENTUCKY						
Lexington	University of Kentucky, College of Law (1925) M 113(4) 72(2) 70(1) .. .. 1	256(7)	120.00r 180.00n	II M 3	8	1
Louisville	University of Louisville, School of Law (1931) M 127(3) 65(1) 38 .. .. .	230(4)	250.00r 400.00n	II M 3	5	6
LOUISIANA						
Baton Rouge	Louisiana State University, Law School (1926) M 182(5) 97(5) 83(1) .. .. 1(1)	363(12)	45.00r	III M(3)	9	5
New Orleans	Loyola University, School of Law (1931) M 53(1) 40(2) 18(1) .. .. 1 E 22(3) 10(1) 11(2) 8 .. 2	165(10)	350.00m 270.00e	II M 3 II E 4	6	9
	Tulane Univ. of Louisiana, College of Law (1925) M 147(5) 72(1) 91(3) .. .. 5	315(9)	400.00	II M 3	8	11
MARYLAND						
Baltimore	University of Maryland, School of Law (1930) M 92(3) 90(1) 36 .. .. 3 E 74(7) 49(4) 21(2) 28 .. ..	393(17)	200.00m 150.00e	II M 3 II E 4	8	11
MASSACHUSETTS						
Boston	Boston College Law School (1932) M 120(4) 160(3) 85 .. .. 2 E 58(5) 50(2) 15(1) 14 .. 3	507(15)	350.00m 260.00e	II M 3 II E 4	11	26
	Boston University, School of Law (1925) M 436(16) 322(9) 228(7) .. 27 3 E 96(5) 57(5) 14(3) 7(1) .. 10	1200(46)	350.00m 260.00e	II M 3 II E 4	11	26
	Northeastern University, School of Law (1942) M 58(2) 39 10 .. 3 2(1) E 32 20(1) 18 14(1) 72(5) 8(2)	276(12)	300.00m 225.00e	II M(3) II E(4)	4	21
Cambridge	Harvard University, Law School of (1923) M 539 649 914 .. 13 16	2131	350.00	IV M 3	33	1

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
MICHIGAN						
Ann Arbor	University of Michigan, Law School (1923)	1107(27)	\$200.00r 300.00n	III M(3)	24	1
	M 417(17) 329(4) 345(5) .. 10(1)		6			
Detroit	Detroit College of Law (1941)	339(14)	300.00	II M 3 II E 4	5	12
	M 129(9) 46 24 .. .. 2					
	E 75(2) 28(1) 19(2) 13 .. 3					
	University of Detroit, School of Law (1933)	343(13)	300.00m 230.00e	II M 3 II E 3	5	9
	M 143(4) 66(1) 33 .. .. 6(1)					
	E 44(4) 24(1) 9(1) 11 .. 7(1)					
	Wayne University, Law School (1936)	356(18)	100.00r 200.00n	III M 3 III E 4	7	12
	M 117(2) 81(7) 21(4) .. .. 1					
	E 68(2) 38(2) 17(1) 12 .. 1					
MINNESOTA						
Minneapolis	University of Minnesota, Law School (1923)	730(22)	125.00r 180.00n	II M 2	13	6
	M 334(10) 210(7) 140(1) 37(3) .. 9(1)					
St. Paul	St. Paul Coll. of Law (1938)	167(3)	200.00	II E 4	3	15
	E 76(3) 39 25 21 1 5					
MISSISSIPPI						
Oxford	University of Mississippi, School of Law (1930)	232(3)	100.00	II M 3	4	7
	M 84(1) 80(1) 67(1) .. .. 1					
MISSOURI						
Columbia	University of Missouri, School of Law (1923)	269(8)	72.00r 90.00n	III M(3)	9	2
	M 142(6) 76 51(2) .. .. .					
Kansas City	University of Kansas City, School of Law (1936)	421(17)	300.00m 240.00e	III M 3 III E 4	8	3
	M 164(2) 55 27(1) .. .. 1					
	E 82(8) 41(3) 26(1) 20(1) 1 4(1)					
St. Louis	Lincoln University, School of Law (Colored) (1941)	44(1)	80.00r 200.00n	II M 3	5	1
	M 18(1) 20 5 .. .. 1					
	St. Louis University, School of Law (1924)	334(6)	350.00m 270.00e	III M 3 II E 4	8	6
	M 177(1) .. 48(1) 21 .. ..					
	E 47(1) 38(2) .. .. 3(1)					
	Washington University, School of Law (1923)	270(6)	350.00	III M(3)	7	7
	M 131(5) 56 79(1) .. .. 4					
MONTANA						
Missoula	Montana State University, School of Law (1923)	205(6)	100.00r 300.00n	II M(3)	4	6
	M 79(4) 91(2) 35 .. .. .					

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
NEBRASKA						
Lincoln	University of Nebraska, College of Law (1923)	243 (6)	\$120.00r 150.00n	II M 4	7	2
	M 109(4) 83(2) 51 .. .. .					
Omaha	The Creighton University, School of Law (1924)	199 (2)	200.00	II M 2	5	3
	M 94(1) 49 56(1) .. .. .					
NEW JERSEY						
Newark	Rutgers University, <sup>1</sup> School of Law (1941)	556 (13)	150.00r 200.00n	II M 3 II E 4	9	7
	M 158(2) 173(1) 76(1) .. .. .					
	E 69(4) 32(1) 25(1) 16(3) 4 3					
NEW MEXICO						
Albuquerque	University of New Mexico, College of Law (1948)	53 (2)	40.00r 140.00n	III M (3)	3	0
	M 53(2) .. .. .					
NEW YORK						
Albany	Union University, Albany Law School (1930)	357 (6)	450.00	II M 3	6	4
	M 172(4) 76(1) 108(1) .. 1 ..					
Buffalo	University of Buffalo, School of Law (1936)	274 (8)	400.00	II M 3	5	5
	M 156(4) 86(3) 30 .. .. 2(1)					
Ithaca	Cornell University, Law School (1923)	360 (20)	400.00	IV M 3	15	0
	M 111(7) 110(7) 139(6) .. .. .					
New York	Brooklyn Law School (1937)	1241 (62)	130.00	IV M (3) IV E (4)	9	21
	M 283(10) 275(12) 206(5) .. .. .					
	E 121(10) 103(5) 91(5) 51(9) 88(5) 23(1)					
	Columbia University, School of Law (1923)	949 (51)	225.00	III M (3)	25	3
	M 342(20) 269(14) 324(17) .. 9 5					
	Fordham University, School of Law (1936)	718 (47)	375.00m 250.00e	IV M 3 IV E 4	7	15
	M 149(6) 134(4) 137(4) .. .. .					
	E 80(5) 53(14) 95(6) 70(8) .. ..					
	New York University, School of Law (1930)	1349 (84)	400.00m 300.00e	III M (3) III E 4	21	42
	M 199(14) 218(13) 154(9) .. 75(4) ..					
	E 102(8) 127(6) 55(5) 46(9) 373(16) .. .					
	St. John's University, School of Law (1937)	1022 (42)	300.00m 200.00e	IV M (3) IV E (4)	14	6
	M 77(2) 265(9) 101(4) 104(4) .. ..					
	E 124(9) 175(7) 151(7) 25 .. ..					
Syracuse	Syracuse University, College of Law (1923)	173 (4)	500.00	IV M (3)	8	3
	M 61 41(1) 68(3) .. .. 3					
NORTH CAROLINA						
Chapel Hill	University of North Carolina, School of Law (1925)	285 (5)	100.00r 288.00n	III M (3)	9	0
	M 123(2) 103(2) 56(1) .. 2 1					

<sup>1</sup> Formerly University of Newark.

		<i>Total</i>		<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
		<i>Enrollments</i>	<i>Annual</i>			
		<i>Sept.,</i>	<i>Tuition</i>			
		1947				
NORTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)						
Durham	Duke University, School of Law (1931)	287(7)	\$400.00	III M 3	13	1
	M 125(3) 75(2) 74(2) .. 13 ..					
	Wake Forest College, School of Law (1936)	132(2)	250.00	II M(3)	6	1
	M 78(2) 38 16 .. ..					
NORTH DAKOTA						
Grand Forks	University of North Dakota, School of Law (1923)	140(3)	100.00	III M 3	5	4
	M 69 44(2) 27(1) .. ..					
OHIO						
Cincinnati	University of Cincinnati, College of Law (1923)	439(17)	275.00r 325.00n	III M(3)	8	8
	M 165(4) 157(5) 111(5) .. .. 6(3)					
Cleveland	Western Reserve University, Law School (1923)	479(12)	390.00	III M(3)	8	14
	M 211(4) 107(2) 157(6) .. 4 ..					
Columbus	Ohio State University, College of Law (1923)	388(10)	105.00r 150.00n	III M 3	11	2
	M 164(3) 124(2) 100(5) .. ..					
Toledo	University of Toledo, College of Law (1939)	142(10)	160.00	II E 2	4	2
	E 93(5) 18 18(1) 12(4) .. 1					
OKLAHOMA						
Norman	University of Oklahoma, School of Law (1923)	526(10)	96.00r 240.00n	III M(3)	11	0
	M 230(6) 165(1) 125(3) .. .. 6					
OREGON						
Eugene	University of Oregon, School of Law (1923)	205(7)	112.00r 262.00n	II M 3	5	0
	M 125(3) 51(4) 27 .. .. 2					
Salem	Willamette University, College of Law (1938)	120(4)	320.00	II M 3	6	4
	M 56(2) 47 13 .. .. 4(2)					

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
PENNSYLVANIA						
Carlisle	Dickinson College, Dickinson School of Law (1931)	330(6)	\$300.00	III M (3)	4	7
	M 103(5) 104(1) 122 .. .. 1					
Philadelphia	Temple University, School of Law (1933)	408(17)	195.00m 160.00e	II M 3 II E 4	7	12
	M 103(3) 71(3) 44(2) .. .. 3					
	E 78(3) 39(1) 30(2) 16 .. 24(3)					
	University of Pennsylvania, Law School (1923)	590(14)	340.00	III M 3	14	7
	M 302(8) 246(1) 39(5) .. 3 ..					
Pittsburgh	University of Pittsburgh, School of Law (1923)	296(15)	300.00	IV M (3)	7	3
	M 117(7) 110(6) 69(2) .. .. ..					
PUERTO RICO						
Rio Pedras	University of Puerto Rico,* School of Law	102(10)	60.00	IV M 3	5	5
	M 29(3) 40(4) 16(2) .. .. 17(1)					
SOUTH CAROLINA						
Columbia	University of South Carolina, School of Law (1925)	276(3)	120.00r 350.00n	II M (3)	6	6
	M 130 104(2) 42(1) .. .. ..					
SOUTH DAKOTA						
Vermillion	University of South Dakota, School of Law (1923)	164(3)	100.00r 150.00n	II M 3	8	0
	M 104(1) 33 27(2) .. .. ..					
TENNESSEE						
Knoxville	University of Tennessee, College of Law (1925)	229(4)	150.00r 225.00n	II M (3)	8	7
	M 110(1) 62(3) 54 .. .. 3					
Nashville	Vanderbilt University, School of Law (1925)	273(4)	400.00	III M (3)	8	6
	M 146(2) 97(2) 24 .. .. 6					
TEXAS						
Austin	University of Texas, School of Law (1923)	1035(20)		II M (3)	19	2
	M 501(10) 278(8) 239(2) .. 17 ..					
Dallas	Southern Methodist Univ., School of Law (1927)	382(11)	300.00m 190.00e	III M 3 III E 3½	10	12
	M 129 62(2) 85(3) .. .. ..					
	E 48(2) 25(1) 20(3) 5 7 1					
San Antonio	St. Mary's Univ. of San Antonio, School of Law (1948)	133(3)	240.00m 190.00e	II M (3) II E (4)	3	11
	M 58 26 1 .. 1 ..					
	E 33(1) 10(2) 2 .. 2 ..					
Waco	Baylor University, School of Law (1931)	253(2)	330.00	II M (3)	7	8
	M 127(2) 75 55 .. 1 ..					

\* Provisionally approved in 1945.

		<i>Total</i>				<i>No. of</i>	<i>No. of</i>
		<i>Enrollments</i>				<i>Full-time</i>	<i>Part-time</i>
		<i>Sept.,</i>	<i>Annual</i>	<i>Require-</i>	<i>ments</i>	<i>Teachers</i>	<i>Teachers</i>
		<i>1947</i>	<i>Tuition</i>	<i>ments</i>			
UTAH							
Salt Lake City	University of Utah, School of Law (1927)	294(4)	\$ 95.00r 150.00n	II M 3	11	5	
	M 114(3) 140 36(1) .. 4 ..						
VIRGINIA							
Charlottesville	University of Virginia, Department of Law (1923)	734(12)	235.00r 275.00n	III M(3)	15	8	
	M 215(4) 252(5) 261(3) .. 3 3						
Lexington	Washington & Lee University, School of Law (1923)	239	300.00	II M(3)	5	3	
	M 110 77 51 .. .. 1						
Richmond	University of Richmond, T. C. Williams School of Law (1928)	168(2)	330.00	II M(3)	4	6	
	M 92(1) 46 24(1) .. 2 4						
Williamsburg	William & Mary in Virginia, School of Jurisprudence (1932)	166(9)	229.00r 389.00n	II M 3	4	2	
	M 94(8) 57(1) 13 .. .. 2						
WASHINGTON							
Seattle	University of Washington, School of Law (1924)	432(12)	75.00r 225.00n	II M(4)	13	4	
	M 158(6) 158(2) 71(1) 41(3) .. 4						
WEST VIRGINIA							
Morgantown	West Virginia University, College of Law (1924)	281(7)	130.00r 380.00n	III M 3	6	2	
	M 138(3) 92(1) 50(3) .. .. 1						
WISCONSIN							
Madison	University of Wisconsin, Law School (1923)	670(30)	150.00r 350.00n	III M 3	16	3	
	M 308(18) 199(4) 162(8) .. 1 ..						
Milwaukee	Marquette University, Law School (1925)	405(9)	350.00	III M(3)	8	6	
	M 134(6) 135(3) 135 .. .. 1						
WYOMING							
Laramie	University of Wyoming, Law School (1923)	78(2)	133.50r 343.00n	II M 3	5	2	
	M 37 28(1) 13(1) .. .. ..						

LAW SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES NOT ON THE APPROVED  
LIST OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION, 1947

		<i>Total Enrollments</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
		<i>Sept., 1947</i>				
ALABAMA						
Birmingham	Birmingham School of Law E 24(4) 16 14 1 .. ..	55(4)	\$112.00	II E 4	0	14
Montgomery	Jones Law School E 34(2) 17(1) 22(1) 15(5) .. ..	88(9)	120.00	II E 4	0	6
CALIFORNIA						
Los Angeles	Pacific Coast University, College of Law E 50(2) 36 26 19(2) 4 12	147(4)	275.00	II E 4	2	5
	Southwestern University, College of Law M 79(3) .. .. .. .. .. E 137(5) 80(6) 60(4) 30(2) .. ..	386(20)	324.00m 240.00e	II M 3 II E 4	3	24
Oakland	Oakland College of Law <sup>1</sup>					
Sacramento	McGeorge College of Law E 71(7) 22(3) .. .. .. 2	95(10)	150.00	II E 4	0	10
San Diego	Balboa Law College A 59(1) .. .. .. .. .. E 59(2) 16 45(2) 18(1) .. ..	197(6)	270.00a 180.00e	II A 3 II E 4	6	11
San Francisco	Golden Gate College, School of Law E 103(6) 56(3) 23(1) 7 .. .. San Francisco Law School <sup>1</sup>	189(10)	90.00	II E 4	0	23
COLORADO						
Denver	Westminster Law School M 72(3) .. .. .. .. .. E 75(3) 34(2) 16(2) .. .. ..	197(10)	200.00	II M 3 II E 3	0	14
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA						
Washington	Southeastern University, School of Law <sup>1</sup>					
	Robert H. Terrell Law School (Colored) E 20(2) 28(6) 15(7) 14(5) .. 1	78(20)	150.00	II E 4	3	9
GEORGIA						
Atlanta	Atlanta Law School <sup>2</sup> E 162 258 .. .. 30 .. John Marshall Law School E 74(10) 121(11) .. .. 12 49(8) Woodrow Wilson College of Law <sup>1</sup>	450 256(29)	162.00	E 2	3	8
ILLINOIS						
Chicago	The John Marshall Law School <sup>1</sup>					
Springfield	Lincoln College of Law E 42(3) 18(3) 14(2) 12(2) 16 ..	102(10)	175.00	II E 4	1	13

<sup>1</sup> Current information not available.

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
KENTUCKY						
Louisville	Jefferson School of Law E 101(5) 65(2) 42(4) .. .. 13	221(11)	\$150.00	II E 3	0	17
MARYLAND						
Baltimore	University of Baltimore, School of Law E 169(7) 81(7) 48(5) .. 15 ..	313(19)	200.00	II E 3	0	26
	Mt. Vernon Law School M 12(1) .. .. .. 2 E 35(1) .. .. .. 4(1)	53(3)	175.00	II M 3 II E 4	0	17
MASSACHUSETTS						
Boston	Portia-Calvin Coolidge Law School <sup>1</sup> Suffolk University, Law School M 130(4) 131(1) 14(1) 21(1) .. .. E 25(1) 34(1) 8(1) 21 37(2) 3(2)	424(14)	360.00	II M 3 II E 4	4	19
MINNESOTA						
Minneapolis	Minneapolis-Minnesota College of Law <sup>2</sup> E 53 38 19 15 .. ..	130	175.00	II	0	24
MISSISSIPPI						
Jackson	Jackson School of Law E 75(9) 32(3) .. .. ..	107(12)	120.00	E 2 1 5	0	10
NEW JERSEY						
Camden	South Jersey Law School <sup>2</sup> E 72 38 17 14 5 ..	146				
Jersey City	John Marshall College, School of Law M 34 45(1) .. .. 1 .. A 63 56 23 .. .. 20(1) E 62 59(1) 35(1) .. 9 25(1)	432(5)	380.00	II 3	7	33
NORTH CAROLINA						
Asheville	Asheville University, Law School <sup>2</sup> E 8 6 6 .. .. ..	20				
Durham	North Carolina College at Durham (Colored) M 16 5 3(3) .. .. 2(1)	26(4)	150.00	III M 3nv <sup>3</sup> II M 3v	5	0

<sup>1</sup> Current information not available.

<sup>2</sup> Complete current information not available.

<sup>3</sup> Non-veterans and veterans.



		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
OHIO						
Ada	Ohio Northern University, Warren G. Harding College of Law M 58(1) 32(1) 23(2) .. ..	113(4)	\$255.00	II M 3	3	1
Akron	Akron Law School E 66(1) 35(5) 35 15 .. ..	151(6)	225.00	II E 4	0	12
Canton	Wm. McKinley School of Law E 26(1) 28(2) 14 .. ..	68(3)	190.00	II E 4	0	10
Cincinnati	Salmon P. Chase Law College E 142(10) 50(3) 31 25(2) .. ..	248(15)	250.00	II E 4	0	17
Cleveland	Cleveland-Marshall Law Schl. E 170(11) 159(3) 73(3) 48 49(6) 12(2)	511(25)	280.00	II E 4	0	27
Columbus	Franklin University E 47(4) 35 17 10 .. 2	111(4)	165.00	II E 4	0	16
Youngstown	Youngstown College, School of Law E 27(2) 19 15(1) 13(2) .. 1	75(5)	150.00	II E 4	3	7
OKLAHOMA						
Oklahoma City	Oklahoma City School of Law E 120(8) 55(4) 30(6) 15(3) .. ..	220(21)	150.00	II E 4	1	3
Tulsa	University of Tulsa School of Law M 17 .. .. .. .. E 53(2) 34 48(2) .. .. 16(2)	168(6)	285.00	II M 3 II E 4	0	14
OREGON						
Portland	Northwestern College of Law E 81(4) 54(2) 18(2) 24(2) .. 37(3)	214(13)	200.00	II E 4	0	18
PENNSYLVANIA						
Pittsburgh	Duquesne University, School of Law E 62(3) 33 14(3) 9 .. 1	119(6)	230.00	IV E 4	2	14
Philadelphia	Philadelphia College of Law <sup>1</sup>					
TENNESSEE						
Chattanooga	The McKenzie School <sup>2</sup>		150.00	II E 3		
Knoxville	The John Randolph Neal College of Law <sup>1</sup>					
Lebanon	Cumberland University, Law School M 33(1) 217 .. .. 2	252(1)	240.00	II M 3	1	5
Memphis	Southern University, College of Law <sup>2</sup> E 140 110 100 .. ..	350				

<sup>1</sup> Current information not available.<sup>2</sup> Complete current information not available.

		<i>Total Enrollments Sept., 1947</i>	<i>Annual Tuition</i>	<i>Require- ments</i>	<i>No. of Full-time Teachers</i>	<i>No. of Part-time Teachers</i>
TEXAS						
Beaumont	East Texas School of Law <sup>1</sup>					
Houston	University of Houston Law School	56(1)		III 3	2	2
	M 44 .. .. .					
	E 12(1) .. .. .					
	South Texas School of Law	270(17)	\$190.00	II E 3	0	12
	E 98(3) .. 162(11) ..	10(3) ..				
WASHINGTON						
Spokane	Gonzaga University, School of Law	258(4)	250.00	II E 4	0	28
	E 121(2) 68(1) 37(1) 28 .. 4					

<sup>1</sup> Current information not available.

LAW SCHOOL ATTENDANCE FIGURES FOR 1947-1948

	First Year	Second Year	Third Year	Fourth Year	Graduate . . . .	Special and Unclassified	Total
Approved Schools . . . . .	15,932 (480)	11,532 (300)	8,683 (239)	308 (12)	349 (11)	195 (18)	36,999 (1060)
A	155	118	52	39	28	15	407
E	2,495 (162)	1,456 (95)	947 (64)	538 (53)	643 (32)	234 (29)	6,313 (435)
Total	18,582 (642)	13,106 (395)	9,682 (303)	885 (65)	1,020 (43)	444 (47)	43,719 (1495)
Unapproved Schools . . . . .	495 (13)	430 (3)	40 (6)	21 (1)	1	6 (1)	993 (24)
A	122 (1)	56	23			20 (1)	221 (2)
E	2,621 (121)	1,735 (69)	1,004 (59)	353 (26)	187 (11)	182 (19)	6,082 (305)
Total	3,238 (135)	2,221 (72)	1,067 (65)	374 (27)	188 (11)	208 (21)	7,296 (331)

Average in Approved Schools

84.3% of the students are enrolled in classes which are conducted during the daytime hours of 104 schools.  
 .9% of the students are enrolled in the afternoon classes of one school.  
 14.4% of the students are enrolled in the evening classes of 32 schools.

Average in Unapproved Schools

13.6% of the students are enrolled in the morning classes of 11 schools.  
 3 % of the students are enrolled in the afternoon classes of 2 schools.  
 83.3% of the students are enrolled in the evening classes of 31 schools.

85.7% of total number of law students enrolled in 1947-1948 are enrolled in approved law schools.  
 14.3% of total number of law students enrolled in 1947-1948 are enrolled in unapproved law schools.

**MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES**

This table contains information of educational and residence requirements as reported December 1, 1947. Full information and subsequent changes, if any, may be obtained by writing to the Clerk of the Supreme Court of each state.

*Minimum amount of general education required before:*

*Beginning period of law study*

Two years of resident study in a college

*Taking final examination*

Not permitted

*Wholly outside a law school*

Not permitted

*Partly in a law school*

At least the law school study recommended in the next column. No recommendation as to supplementary office work

*Wholly in a law school*

Three years of full-time or a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours,\* of part-time study

*Residence Requirements (for original applicants only, does not apply to lawyers seeking admission on community for whom separate requirements are usually laid down)*

1 year, or if school is approved by A. B. A., 3 years

Bona fide residence at time of application

2 years in A. B. A. approved law school, yielding a degree

6 months prior to filing of application

No rule\*

6 months and 2 weeks

3 years full-time; 4 years part-time

3 years

3 years approved day school; 4 years approved night law school, 3 years only in Westminster night law school

Residence at time of application. This requirement waived if applicant makes affidavit that if admitted he will become resident

3 full scholastic years in approved law school

Bona fide intention to become resident

Not permitted. See last preceding column

18 months

State	Minimum amount of general education required before:	Beginning period of law study	Taking final examination	Wholly outside a law school	Partly in a law school	Wholly in a law school	Residence Requirements
Alabama	2 years college or examination conducted by the state university	Two years of resident study in a college	Not permitted	Not permitted	No credit for office work	1 year, or if school is approved by A. B. A., 3 years	Bona fide residence at time of application
Arizona	2 years college		Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	2 years in A. B. A. approved law school, yielding a degree	6 months prior to filing of application
Arkansas	None			No rule	No rule	No rule*	6 months and 2 weeks
California	2 years college for those under 25 years of age at time of commencing law study. None for those over 25 or for those who began law study prior to July 1, 1937			1 year (3156 hours). Registration required	1 year. Registration required	3 years full-time; 4 years part-time	3 years
Colorado	2 years. On special petition slight deficiencies in preliminary school education may be made up after enrollment in law school			Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years approved day school; 4 years approved night law school, 3 years only in Westminster night law school	Residence at time of application. This requirement waived if applicant makes affidavit that if admitted he will become resident
Connecticut	2 years—at least half the college work required for a degree. (Notes under revision at this time)			1 year—10 weeks per year by A. B. A.	3 years in a school approved by A. B. A.	3 full scholastic years in approved law school	Bona fide intention to become resident
Delaware	Degree from college or university in a course approved by the Board of Examiners, or examination in college work given by Delaware University			3 years law office study	3 academic years and graduation from approved law school and at least 6 months law office study	Not permitted. See last preceding column	18 months

\*Graduates of university law school admitted on diploma.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

	2 years or an examination on 2 years' college work may be substituted for college training	No credit given for office study unless begun before Sept. 1, 1939	No credit given for office study	3 years	None
District of Columbia				Not permitted	
U. S. Court of Appeals for District of Columbia	On and after July 1, 1941, for all applicants beginning study of law after Sept. 1, 1939, except attorneys in good standing in Supreme Court of United States or the D. C. Dist. Ct., 2 year college or examination given by accredited university or law approved law schools; "special students" receive grade of D. C. Dist. Ct. committee			Not permitted	If admitted in Dist. Ct. of U. S. for Dist. Ct. or in highest court of any state after July 1, 1941, graduation from law school approved by Court of Appeals with 3 year full-time or 4 year part-time course—not applicable to members of bar of Supreme Court of U. S.
Florida	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduate of law school approved by A. B. A.	None
Georgia	None	No rule	No rule	No rule	12 months' residence prior to application
Idaho	2 years college	4 years law office study	4 years	4 years	3 months prior to application
Illinois	12 weeks college work or the equivalent of 60 semester credit hours	4 years law office study of 36 weeks per year	4 years	4 years	None
Indiana	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	6 months
Iowa	2 years college	3 years law office study (18 weeks each year). Registration required	Equivalent of 3 full years in reputable law school; or partly in law office and partly in law school	3 years full-time law school; 4 years part-time law school yielding degree	Bona fide resident at time of application
Kansas	No rule	3 years law office study. Registration required	No provision	No provision	None

Full course of study in accredited law school including conferred degree of LL.B. or higher

## MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

Kentucky	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years resident study in law school approved by A. B. A. or by Assn. of American Law Schools, or by the Kentucky Court of Appeals.	None
Louisiana	None	Equivalent of high school	Law office study and law school study equivalent to 3 years full-time law school study	3 years in law school approved by A. B. A.	None
Maine	2 years college	3 years law office study. Registration required	No provision	3 years approved day law school; 4 years approved night law school	6 months
Maryland	2 years college	3 years law office study. Registration required	No provision	3 years of law school	Biennial residence at time of application
Massachusetts	2 years college	3 years law office study. Approval of such study in advance	3 to 4 years. Approval of such study in advance	3 years full-time day law school; 1 years part-time law school	No residence required for original applicants
Michigan	2 years college	4 years law office study. Registration required	Not permitted	3 years full-time law school; 1 years part-time law school	None
Minnesota	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	L.L.B. degree from A. B. A. approved school; 4 years night law school in Minneapolis-Minnesota College of Law	None
Mississippi	None	4 years high school	No rule	No rule *	90 days
Missouri	2 years college	3 years. Registration required	3 years; 1 in law school, 2 in law office; 2 years in law school, 1 in law office	3 years	3 months prior to date of filing application
Montana	2 years college or equivalent	No provision	No provision	2 successive years in law school	No residence requirement but applicant must state intention to practice law within the state

\*Graduates of University of Mississippi admitted on diploma.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

State	College Requirement	Law Office Study	Registration	Law Office Work	Law School Study	Residence
Nebraska	2 years in a college accredited to University of Nebraska	3 years law office study. Registration required	No provision	3 years	Bona fide intention to become resident	
Nevada	2 years college or equivalent	Equivalent of 3 years study in law office or 4,500 hours private study	3 years	3 years study in day law school	6 months	
New Hampshire	2 years college	4 years	4 years	3 years	Bona fide residence at time of application	
New Jersey	2 years college or equivalent	3 years	3 years, including at least 12 months law office work	Not permitted. See last preceding column	6 months	
New Mexico	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years full-time or 4 years part-time study in law school approved by A. B. A.	6 months	
New York	2 years college	4 years law office study	3 years partly in law school and partly in a law office	4 years of law school study without degree, or successful completion of 3-year course at an approved law school and graduation with LL.B. degree	6 months	
North Carolina	2 years college	3 years. Registration required	3 years partly in law school and partly in a law office	3 years, completed within a period of 6 years	Bona fide resident or non-resident student for one scholastic year in an approved law school in state, having intention of becoming a resident within 6 months after filing application	
North Dakota	None	2 years college work of specified character	3 years	3 years	Resident at time of application	
Ohio	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full-time or 4 years of part-time study in a law school	1 year	
Oklahoma	2 years resident college work or equivalent	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full-time or 4 years of part-time study in law school	60 days	

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

State	Minimum Requirements for Admission to Law School	Law School Admission	Law School Study	Registration	Office Work	Completion of Law School	Residence
Oregon	2 years college. Admission to law school approved by the Supreme Court or examination demonstrating equivalent	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	Satisfactory completion of regular course in law schools approved by Supreme Court which shall be not less than 3 years' duration	Bona fide intention to become resident	
Pennsylvania	Non-scientific degree from an approved college	4 years	3 years full-time or 4 years part-time study including at least six months of office work. Registration required	6 months	3 years full-time in approved law school; 4 years part-time in approved law school		
Rhode Island	2 years college or education equivalent to successful completion of 2 years work at Brown University	1 years full-time law office study. Registration required	1 years	6 months	Degree from approved law school plus 6 months office study. If no degree from law school, aggregate of 1 years study including 6 months in law office		
South Carolina	None	2 years law office study	2 years	None	2 years		
South Dakota	3 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full-time or 4 years of part-time law school study resulting in graduation from law school approved by A. B. A.	Residence at time of application	
Tennessee	2 years college	2 years law office study	2 years	2 years	2 years	Bona fide intention to reside and practice in state	
Texas	60 semester hours of college work	36 months law office study. Registration required	36 months. Registration required.	27 months full-time, 36 months part-time study in approved law school	1 year		
Utah	2 years college	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	Graduation from resident law school requiring 1 years study	3 months	
Vermont	2 years college	3 years	3 years	3 years	3 years	6 months	



MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO LEGAL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES

State	2 years college	2 years	2 years	2 years	Bona fide resident at time of application
Virginia	2 years college	2 years	2 years	2 years	Bona fide resident at time of application
Washington	2 years college	4 years law office study. Registration required.	3 to 4 years law school work, but not yielding a degree, followed by further study in school or in office in state, in discretion of the board	Graduate from an approved law school	90 days
West Virginia	2 years college or examination by West Virginia University demonstrating possession of equivalent education	Not permitted	Not permitted	3 years of full time study in law school approved by A. B. A.	1 year
Wisconsin	3 years college or 2 years college or equivalent if followed by 4 years resident attendance in full-time law school	Not permitted	Not permitted	4 years	Residence at time of application
Wyoming	2 years college	Not permitted	1 year in approved law school, 2 years in law office study	3 years in approved law school	Bona fide residence at time of application

### CHANGES IN THE LAW SCHOOLS

As of March 1, 1948, there are 111 schools on the approved list of the American Bar Association. Of these, the University of New Mexico School of Law and Saint Mary's University School of Law of San Antonio were provisionally approved by the House of Delegates on February 24, 1948.

### CHANGES IN STATE BAR ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Attention is called to the change in the rules in New Jersey, effective September 1, 1948. On October 20, 1947, the New Jersey rules were amended to provide that attendance, or work done, after September 1, 1948, at a law school will not be credited unless the law school shall have been approved by the Supreme Court and the standards of the Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar of the American Bar Association for legal education were adopted by the Supreme Court as the criteria in determining the question of approval of a law school; provided however, that a bona fide student who had commenced his studies in any law school accepted prior to the amendment should be allowed credit as theretofore up to completion of his course.

During and immediately following the recent war, a few of the states made concessions to veterans in admission requirements. These were, in the main, temporary in nature. No attempt has been made to summarize these and anyone who is interested should make inquiry of the appropriate authorities of the state in which he is interested.

### CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF LAW

The Council of the Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar expressly disapproves of correspondence law courses as a means of preparation for bar examinations and for practice. A diploma or degree from a correspondence school of law qualifies one for the bar examination in only a very few of the states and the records in those states show that examinees so prepared generally do not pass the examinations. Before one pursues a correspondence law course, it is suggested that he first familiarize himself with the rules and regulations of the state in which he intends to practice and particularly inquire whether correspondence law courses are acceptable under the applicable rules and regulations of the said state.

## STANDARDS OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

*Paragraphs in italics constitute some interpretations which have been made by the Council of Legal Education*

(1) The American Bar Association is of the opinion that every candidate for admission to the bar should give evidence of graduation from a law school complying with the following standards:

(a) It shall require as a condition to admission at least two years of study in a college.

*An approved school shall require of all candidates for any degree at the time of the commencement of their law study the completion of one-half of the work acceptable for a bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four-year period of study either by the state university or a principal college or university in the state where the law school is located.*

(b) It shall require its students to pursue a course of three years' duration if they devote substantially all of their working time to their studies, and a longer course equivalent in the number of working hours, if they devote only a part of their working time to their studies.

*A law school which maintains a course for full-time students and a course for part-time students must comply with all the requirements as to both courses.*

*The curriculum and schedule of work of a full-time course shall be so arranged that substantially the full working time of students is required for a period of three years of at least thirty weeks each. A part-time course shall cover a period of at least four years of not less than thirty-six weeks each year.*

(c) It shall provide an adequate library available for the use of the students.

*An adequate library shall consist of not less than seventy-five hundred well-selected, usable volumes, not counting obsolete material or broken sets of reports, kept up to date and owned or controlled by the law school or the university with which it is connected. It is required that a five-year expenditure of \$1,500 per year on library additions be made, with a minimum expenditure of \$1,000 in any one year.*

*A school shall be adequately supported and housed so as to make possible efficient work on the part of both students and faculty.*

(d) It shall have among its teachers a sufficient number giving their entire time to the school to insure actual personal acquaintance and influence with the whole student body.

*The number of full-time instructors shall not be less than one for each one hundred students or major fraction thereof, and in no case shall the number of such full-time instructors be less than three.*

(e) It shall not be operated as a commercial enterprise and the compensation of any officer or member of its teaching staff shall not depend on the number of students or on the fees received.

(f) It shall be a school which in the judgment of the Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar possesses reasonably adequate facilities and maintains a sound educational policy; provided, however, that any decision of the Council in these respects shall be subject to review by the House of Delegates on the petition of any school adversely affected.

(2) The American Bar Association is of the opinion that graduation from a law school should not confer the right of admission to the bar, and that every candidate should be subject to an examination by public authority to determine his fitness.

(3) The Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar is directed to publish from time to time the names of those law schools which comply with the above standards and of those which do not and to make such publications available so far as possible to intending law students.

*Schools shall be designated "Approved" or "Unapproved." No school shall be placed upon the approved list without an inspection prior to such approval made under the direction of the Council. The approval first given is called "provisional approval." This means that the school fully meets the standards of the American Bar Association, but is subject to reinspection after the lapse of a period which is usually about two years. After a reinspection has been made, the Association on the recommendation of the Council may give full approval.*

