Section 24.1 of the Association’s Bylaws provides the Board of Governors with the option to transmit to the House of Delegates the reports of sections, divisions and committees of the Association, together with any recommendations and comments the Board may have. This report transmits to the House those reports containing resolutions with such comments as the Board has voted to bring to the attention of the House.

At its July 31, 2020 meeting, the Board considered Resolution Nos. 103, 106A, 116A, 116D, 116E, 116F, 116G, and 116H and took the following actions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REPORT NO.</th>
<th>PROPOSED BY</th>
<th>SHORT TITLE</th>
<th>BOARD ACTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>Commission on Disability Rights Section of Civil Right and Social Justice</td>
<td>Urges federal, state, local, territorial, and tribal governments to adopt and enforce legislation and educational policy that 1) prohibits school personnel from using seclusion, mechanical, and chemical restraints on preschool, elementary and secondary students, 2) prohibits school personnel from using physical restraint unless the student’s behavior poses an imminent danger of serious physical injury to self or others, 3) prohibits the use of restraints in a face-down position or any other position that is likely to impair a student’s ability to breathe, in situations where physical restraint is used, and 4) requires professional development and ongoing training in positive behavior interventions and trauma-informed care.</td>
<td>Recommends Approval</td>
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<td>Section</td>
<td>Urges</td>
<td>Recommends Approval</td>
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<td>Criminal Justice Section</td>
<td>Criminal justice stakeholders to consider the development and use of restorative justice processes where appropriate, to crime victims interested in participating in them.</td>
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<td>Section of Civil Rights and Social Justice Coalition on Racial and Ethnic Justice</td>
<td>Urges federal, state, local, territorial, and Tribal governments to enact legislation that requires: 1) law enforcement agencies to keep records of instances in which lethal force is used, 2) the appointment of a fully independent special prosecutor whenever a person’s death occurs in the custody of or during an encounter with a police officer or other law enforcement officer, and 3) a showing of objective reasonable necessity to establish a defense in criminal cases involving lethal force use by a police or other law enforcement officer.</td>
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<td>Section of Civil Rights and Social Justice Criminal Justice Section</td>
<td>Urges federal, state, local, territorial, and tribal legislatures to enact legislation, and correctional and detention facilities for both adults and minors to enact policies requiring that all incarcerated persons are provided with: 1) soap, paper towels, hand sanitizer, and facial tissues in sufficient quantities to prevent the transmission of infectious disease; 2) personal protective equipment including personal sanitizing products and face masks that are effective in preventing existing and emerging infections in sufficient quantities to prevent the transmission of infectious disease; and 3) sufficient facilities for hand washing, including unrestricted access to clean water and working sinks.</td>
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</table>
Urges federal, state, local, territorial and tribal governments to: 1) enact and enforce legislation directing law enforcement officials and election officials to establish a protocol where pretrial detainees, who are eligible to register to vote or vote in the jurisdiction in which they are detained are given the opportunity to register to vote and cast ballots in their respective federal, state, and local elections; and 2) promulgate and enforce regulations that facilitate the participation of such pretrial detainees in all federal, state, local, and special elections, including the ability to register to vote, obtain a ballot, and have that ballot delivered to the appropriate elections office.
Urges the United States Department of Defense to declare that: (a) HIV status alone has no impact on service members’ ability to fully execute their duties and is not a determinant of fitness for duty; and (b) HIV is not a medical condition that should disqualify a person from enlistment, appointment, commissioning, deployment or retention in the U.S. military.

Urges that, in all states, territories and tribes, the highest courts or legislative bodies charged with the administration of justice, admission to the bar, or regulation of the legal profession, require that lawyers, judges, commissioners, referees, probation officers, and court personnel whose job requires interacting with the public receive periodic training regarding implicit biases that addresses, at minimum: sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual orientation, gender expression and gender identity; and urges that, in all states, territories, and tribes, the highest courts or legislative bodies, or agencies and boards that license and regulate the medical profession or social service professions, require that medical professionals and social service professionals who work with the public receive periodic training regarding the implicit biases previously noted.

Recommends Approval
Urges federal, state, local, territorial, and tribal governments to: 1) repeal laws that disenfranchise persons based upon criminal conviction, 2) restore voting rights to those currently and formerly incarcerated, including those on probation, parole, or any other community-based correctional program, 3) assure that no person convicted of crime is disenfranchised because of nonpayment of a fine, court costs, restitution or other financial obligations imposed as a result of a criminal conviction; and amends the Criminal Justice Standards on Collateral Sanctions and Discretionary Disqualification of Convicted Persons (3d Edition, 2004).
The Board recommends that the following special committees and commissions be continued:

ABA Center for Human Rights
   Human Rights Advisory Council
ABA Rule of Law Initiative
Africa Law Initiative Council
American Jury, Commission on
Annual Meeting Program Planning, Special Committee on
Asia Law Initiative Council
Center for Professional Responsibility, Coordinating Council for the
   Central European and Eurasian Law Initiative Council
Death Penalty Due Process Review Project
Death Penalty Representation, Special Committee on
Disability Rights, Commission on
Diversity and Inclusion, Center for (formerly Center for Racial and Ethnic Diversity)
Domestic and Sexual Violence, Commission on
Future of Legal Education, Commission on the
Hispanic Legal Rights and Responsibilities, Special Committee on
Homelessness and Poverty, Commission on
Immigration, Commission on
   Advisory Committee to the Commission on Immigration
Interest on Lawyer Trust Accounts, Commission on
Latin American and Caribbean Law Initiative Council
Law and Aging, Commission on
Lawyer Assistance Program, Commission on
   Advisory commission to the Commission on Lawyer Assistance Programs
Lawyers and Certified Public Accountants, National Conference of
Middle East and North Africa Law Initiative Council
Racial and Ethnic Diversity in the Educational Pipeline, Council for
Racial and Ethnic Diversity in the Profession, Commission on
Racial and Ethnic Justice, Coalition on
Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity, Commission on
Women in the Profession, Commission on
Youth-at-Risk, ABA Commission on
   Advisory Committee to the Commission on Youth-at-Risk