

ABA Midyear Meeting to Convene in Boston



More than 3,000 lawyers are expected to gather in Boston for the 2009 ABA Midyear Meeting, being held from February 11-17. During the conference, the Section will award the eighth annual Father Robert F. Drinan Award for Distinguished Service, propose a report with recommendation to the ABA House of Delegates, present several CLE programs, and hold the Winter Council Meeting.

On Friday, Feb. 13, the Section will present the Drinan Award to former Section Chair and past ABA President Michael S. Greco, currently a partner in the Boston office of K&L Gates LLP. "Mike Greco has devoted his professional life to helping ensure that the legal system gives everyone a fair shake," said

Section Chair Neal Sonnett. "He has worked tirelessly to protect the rights and freedoms of people in America and around the world; safeguard the independence of the judiciary and other institutions of American democracy; find ways to address the legal needs of lower-income people; advance the rights of women, people of color and people with disabilities, and improve the justice system and the legal profession." Among his achievements as ABA president, Greco made individual rights a centerpiece of his term. Under his watch the ABA commissioned new task forces and centers focused on key areas of Section concern, including access to justice, rule of law, the attorney-client privilege, domestic surveillance, separation of powers, and racial and ethnic diversity.

The award is named after founding Section member and former Chair Robert F. Drinan, S.J. It recognizes individuals whose sustained and extraordinary commitment to the Section has advanced its mission of providing leadership to the legal profession in protecting and

advancing human rights, civil liberties, and social justice. This year's award will be presented at an evening reception at the Sheraton Boston hotel.

The Section also will presenting one report with recommendation to the ABA House of Delegates. The recommendation, filed jointly with the Commission on Immigration, urges the enactment of legislation and implementation of public policy to allow a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident to sponsor a same-sex partner for permanent residence in the U.S. Additional cosponsors include the ABA Family Law Section, the ABA Commission on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity, the American Immigration Lawyers Association, the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, the Bar Association of San Francisco, and the Beverly Hills Bar Association.

In partnership with the ABA Commission on Youth at Risk, the Commission on Homelessness and Poverty, and the ABA Division for Public

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Download a copy of IRR News Report at <http://www.abanet.org/irr/newsreport.html>

ABA Fund for Justice and Education

As you contemplate your 2009 gifts to the many worthy causes competing for your attention, we urge you to consider making a tax-deductible contribution to the ABA Fund for Justice and Education (FJE) on behalf of the Support Fund of the Section of Individual Rights and Responsibilities. Contributions to the IRR Support Fund help support new or ongoing Section initiatives. Gifts to the Support Fund are available for the Section's immediate use.

For 42 years, the Section has been an engine of change within the ABA, defending the rule of law and challenging our profession and our nation to live up to the ideals embodied in the Bill of Rights.

The Section's influence within the Association has been out of proportion to its small size and modest budget. Key ABA policies, congressional testimony, and amicus curiae briefs have emanated from our Section. Once-controversial IRR initiatives, from our call for a moratorium on the death penalty, to our policies on patients' rights, racial justice, and discrimination based upon sexual orientation, have won acceptance within the mainstream of the profession.

In the past few years, the IRR Support Fund helped support several projects, including race-impact studies as part of the research of the Death Penalty

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Legislative Update

Hot on the heels of the national elections and a \$700 trillion bailout of the financial sector, an otherwise quiet “lame duck” congressional session was punctuated by the flurry of negotiations surrounding legislation to provide financial relief to the nation’s ailing automotive industry, and by a Senate report finding President Bush and members of the Cabinet responsible for the abuse and deaths of detainees in U.S. custody.

On Dec. 11, the Senate failed to come to a vote on emergency bailout funds for the U.S. automotive industry. In a break with the White House, Republican Senators overwhelmingly opposed the legislation, preventing the Senate from reaching a motion of cloture to vote on the bill. Among the unfulfilled demands of Republican leaders were a restructuring of benefits for auto workers to bring them on par with employees of Japanese car companies. At time of printing, no further attempts have been made to pass emergency aid for U.S. automotive companies. Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi (D-CA) has called upon the Bush administration to assist automakers using funds from the financial bailout.

Also on Dec. 11, the Senate Armed Services Committee released a report on its inquiry into the treatment of detainees in U.S. custody in Iraq, Afghanistan, and Guantanamo Bay. The Committee determined that President Bush’s memo of Feb. 7, 2002, which asserted that al Qaeda and Taliban detainees were not protected by Common Article 3 of the Geneva Conventions, was instrumental in violating the U.S. commitment to humane treatment of detainees under Conventions as well as U.S. anti-torture laws. Furthermore, the Committee concluded that authorization by former Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld for use of aggressive interrogation techniques at Guantanamo Bay directly led to the abuse of detainees there, and influenced the decision to use those techniques in Iraq and Afghanistan. The Committee found that in addition to Rumsfeld, other members of the President’s Cabinet were present for meetings in 2002 and 2003 where specific interrogation techniques were discussed. According to the report, the Department of Justice Office of Legal Counsel played a key role in crafting policy that “distorted the meaning and intent of anti-torture laws, rationalized the abuse of detainees in U.S. custody and influenced Department of Defense determinations as to what interrogation techniques were legal for use during interrogations conducted by U.S. military personnel.”

In accordance with H. Con. Res. 440, the 111th U.S. Congress is scheduled to meet from Jan. 6, 2009 through January 3, 2011.

Other legislation of interest to the Section is discussed on the following pages.

Children/Families

On Nov. 20, Sen. Clinton (D-NY) introduced S. 3706, to amend the Social Security Act to prohibit states from charging child support recipients for the collection of child support. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. A companion bill, H.R. 7280, was introduced in the House of Representatives by Rep. Gillibrand (D-NY) and referred to the

House Committee on Ways and Means.

Disability Law

On Nov. 20, Sen. Dodd (D-CT) introduced S. 3701, to provide assistance to Best Buddies to support the expansion and development of mentoring programs to those with intellectual disabilities. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on

Health, Education, Labor and Pensions.

Election Law

On Nov. 20, Rep. Hastings (D-FL) introduced H.R. 7281, to direct the Election Assistance Commission to make grants to states to carry out election administration improvement plans. The bill was referred to the House Committee on House Administration.

Health Law

On Nov. 20, Rep. DeGette (D-CO) introduced H.R. 7302, to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to health professions education. The bill was referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.

On Nov. 20, Sen. Clinton (D-NY) introduced S. 20, opposing the proposed rule to limit women’s access to basic reproductive health care and services. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions.

On Nov. 20, Sen. Clinton (D-NY) introduced S. 3708, to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to health professions education. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions.

International Law

On Nov. 20, the Senate passed S. Res. 713, calling on all parties to the escalating violence in eastern Democratic Republic of Congo to implement an immediate ceasefire and work with the support of the international community toward a comprehensive and lasting solution to the crisis.

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Section News

Member and Staff Award Winners

The following Section members and staff have recently been honored for their accomplishments in public service.

Cheryl Little

On Nov. 20, 2008, Cheryl Little, Vice Chair of the Committee on the Rights of Immigrants, was presented with the 2008 Morris Dees Justice Award. The award was presented in New York by Skadden, Arps, Slate Meagher & Flom LLP & Affiliates and the University of Alabama School of Law.

Cheryl, who serves as the Executive Director of the Florida Immigrant Advocacy Center (FIAC) in Miami Fla., was honored for over twenty years of critical work in the area of immigrants' rights, including the monitoring the conditions of immigrant detainees in federal custody and addressing complaints of detainee abuse. She is recognized as a leading expert in immigration law.

Established in honor of civil rights attorney Morris Dees, the award is given annually to distinguished attorneys whose work in the public interest has brought about significant positive change on a local, national, or international level.

Gay McDougall

On Dec. 10, 2008, Section member Gay McDougall was presented with the Louis B. Sohn Award for Human Rights by the United Nations Association of the National Capitol Area (UNA-NCA).

Gay was recognized for years of work on behalf of minority populations across the globe, including her current role as United Nations Independent Expert on Minority Issues. She was also praised for her previous work with the UN International Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination and her position on the Electoral Commission of South

Africa in 1994.

UNA-NCA presents the Sohn Award annually to distinguished champions of the UN and its dedication to human rights and rule of law. This year's award was presented at a luncheon commemorating the 60th anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Michael Pates

At the same event, the UNA-NCA presented Michael Pates, Project Director of the ABA AIDS Coordination Project and the ABA Center for Human Rights, with a Community Human Rights Award.

Mike was recognized for his achievements in helping build ABA policy on AIDS-related law, and shaping the ABA's responses to human rights crises such as the attacks on the judiciary in Pakistan last year.

Center for Human Rights Midyear Luncheon

The ABA Center for Human Rights (CHR), co-chaired by Jerome J. Shestak of Philadelphia, Penn., and Steven T. Walther of Washington, DC, will host a luncheon on Monday, Feb. 16, at the ABA Midyear Meeting in Boston. The event will be held in Back Bay Ballroom D of the Sheraton Boston.

John Shattuck, CEO of the John F. Kennedy Library Foundation and Assistant Secretary of State for Democracy, Human Rights and Labor

under President Clinton, will deliver a keynote speech addressing how President Obama can work to address human rights and rule of law issues around the world and return the United States to a clear position of human rights leadership at home and abroad.

To register online, visit the Center for Human Rights web page at <http://www.abanet.org/humanrights/>. For more information, contact the Center by telephone at 202/662-1025.

Fund for Justice and Education

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Moratorium Implementation Project, a series of panels on comprehensive immigration reform, and projects to expand legal services to people with HIV/AIDS in the U.S. For the past two years, the Fund helped to establish and support a student-led national organization of law students with disabilities, and supported a Section conference on election issues for ABA, state, and local bar members.

For more information and to make a contribution, contact the Section office.

Legislative Update

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Privacy and Information Protection

On Dec. 11, *Congress Daily* reported that the E-Government Reauthorization Act of 2007 (S. 2321) a dead bill in the Senate,

despite strong bipartisan support. Introduced last November by Sen. Lieberman (I-CT), the bill would have continued funding the 2002 initiative aimed at improving citizen access to government information and services. According to reports, the source of conflict

on the bill is an amendment introduced by Sen. Leahy (D-VT), which would require federal agencies to conduct privacy impact assessments before contracting out personal information management to third parties.

Supreme Court Update

The American Bar Association recently filed an amicus brief in ***Derrick Todd Lee v. State of Louisiana*** (No. 07-1523), in which the Court will consider whether a jury may convict a defendant of a crime based on a less than unanimous jury verdict.

Petitioner Lee was charged with first degree murder. The Louisiana authorities also suspected Lee had committed two other violent crimes in 2002 - rape and murder in one case, and attempted rape and attempted murder the other. The evidence linking him to the instant murder, however, was limited and "circumstantial." On the eve of trial, prosecutors amended the charge against Lee to second-degree murder. While first-degree murder in Louisiana is a capital crime and requires a unanimous verdict to convict, second-degree murder is punishable only by life in prison and requires only ten of twelve jurors to convict.

The jury found Lee guilty of second degree murder. Polling of the jury revealed that one juror had voted "not guilty" and did not concur in the verdict. Petitioner moved for a mistrial based upon the non-unanimous jury verdict, but the trial court denied his motion and sentenced him to life imprisonment at hard labor, without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

The Louisiana Court of Appeal affirmed the conviction, rejecting Lee's argument that it was unconstitutional to convict him of a crime by a non-unanimous jury verdict. Relying on the Supreme Court's decision in *Apodaca v. Oregon*, 406 U.S. 404 (1972), the appellate court held that "under both state and federal jurisprudence, a criminal conviction by less than a unanimous jury does not violate a defendant's right to trial by jury specified by the Sixth Amendment and made applicable to the states by the Fourteenth Amendment."

In its amicus brief, the American Bar Association argues that while the *Apodaca* decision was based

in part on a 1968 ABA standard that accepted less-than-unanimous verdicts, the ABA changed its standard in 1976 to affirm that a jury verdict in criminal trials should be unanimous. Since *Apodaca*, the ABA has continued to affirm that a unanimous verdict should be a fundamental part of a criminal defendant's right to a jury trial. Most recently, in 2005, as the result of its American Jury Project, the ABA adopted nineteen core jury trial principles, one of which provides that a unanimous decision should be required in all criminal cases heard by a jury. The ABA's standards have always been based on comprehensive review of research and empirical data on the jury's role in the criminal justice system, leading the ABA to conclude that a non-unanimous decisional process reduces the reliability of jury determinations, silences minority viewpoints, erodes confidence in the criminal justice system, and does not significantly contribute to a reduction in hung juries and retrials. Because each member of the *Apodaca* Court agreed on the importance of thorough jury deliberations, attention to minority viewpoints and community confidence in jury verdicts, and because the ABA's review of research and empirical data, as well as the consensus of the legal community, has concluded the opposite occurs through a non-unanimous decision process, the ABA supports petitioner's request that *Apodaca* be revisited.

Terrorism Related Cases

On June 12, in ***Boumediene v. Bush*** (06-1195) and ***Al Odah v. United States*** (06-1196), the Court held 5-4 (opinion by Kennedy; dissenting opinion by Roberts) that petitioners -- aliens detained at the U. S. Naval Station at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, after being captured in Afghanistan or elsewhere abroad and designated "enemy combatants" by the Department of Defense Combatant Status Review Tribunals (CSRTs) -- have the constitutional privilege of habeas corpus and are not barred from seeking the writ

or invoking the Suspension Clause's protections because they have been designated as enemy combatants or because of their presence at Guantanamo. On November 20, 2008, U.S. District Judge Richard J. Leon, in the first ruling in a full trial testing these decisions, ordered the Bush Administration to release five Guantanamo Bay detainees who have been held since January 2002. The judge found, however, that the government had evidence to support the claim that a sixth detainee was an al-Qaeda operative and therefore did not order his release. At the time of this article, the Department of Justice had not indicated if it would appeal.

The Supreme Court also has granted certiorari in ***al-Marri v. Pucciarelli*** (08-368) to decide whether a person lawfully residing in the United States may be seized and detained by the military, without charge or trial, solely on the basis of a presidential declaration that he is an "enemy combatant."

In December 2001 FBI agents arrested Petitioner Ali Saleh Kahlah al-Marri at his home in Peoria, Illinois, where he was a graduate student, and held him in solitary confinement in New York as a material witness in the investigation of the September 11 attacks. In February 2002, the United States filed the first of three successive criminal indictments against al-Marri in the Southern District of New York, charging him with credit card fraud, false statements to the FBI and on a bank application, and identity theft. After al-Marri successfully moved to dismiss the charges for improper venue, an identical indictment was filed in the Central District of Illinois, and al-Marri was returned to Peoria.

In June 2003, the government moved to dismiss the indictment based on a one-page presidential declaration asserting that al-Marri was an enemy combatant and the district court dismissed the criminal indictment with prejudice. Al-Marri was then transported to the Consolidated Naval Brig in South

Supreme Court Update

Carolina. The military has since held al-Marri in solitary confinement without charge or trial.

On July 8, 2004, al-Marri's counsel filed a habeas petition in the District of South Carolina. The government answered al-Marri's petition relying on the redacted Declaration of the Director of the Joint Intelligence Task Force for Combating Terrorism, as sole support for al-Marri's indefinite detention. (The declaration asserted that al-Marri among other things was in the United States to facilitate terrorist activities). Al-Marri denied the government's allegations and moved for summary judgment. The district court denied the motion and referred the case to a magistrate judge, who ruled that the redacted declaration gave al-Marri sufficient notice of the basis for his detention, and directed him to file rebuttal evidence.

In response to the magistrate judge's order, al-Marri again denied the government's allegations and also explained he was being asked to provide a rebuttal without access to the government's evidence, without discovery, and without knowledge of the identity of his accusers or the opportunity to confront them. The magistrate judge recommended dismissal of al-Marri's habeas petition. In August 2006, the district court adopted the magistrate judge's recommendation and dismissed the petition. Al-Marri appealed.

On July 15, 2008, the Fourth Circuit Court, in a fractured decision, upheld the President's authority to order the military detention inside the U.S. of an individual suspected of terrorist links, on the basis of a government official's assertion that al-Marri had come to the U.S. to carry out terrorist actions inside the country. The Circuit Court relied on Congress' passage of a resolution after the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, authorizing the use of military force to deal with the attackers and their supporters.

The Circuit Court also ruled that al-Marri was entitled to a sufficient process

to challenge the government's allegations and his prolonged captivity. The Supreme Court granted review of the issue on presidential authority. Oral arguments will likely be heard in March 2009

The Supreme Court is also set to hear arguments in *Ashcroft, Former ATTY Gen. v. Iqbal* (07-1015) and will consider the issue of whether a cabinet-level officer or other high-ranking official may be held personally liable for the allegedly unconstitutional acts (racial and religious discrimination) of subordinate officials on the ground that, as high-level supervisors, they had constructive notice of the discrimination carried out by such subordinate officials.

The United States Supreme court has heard or soon will hear a number of cases addressing issues relevant to the work of the Section:

In *Altria Group v. Good* (07-562), the Court will determine whether state-law challenges to FTC-authorized statements regarding tar and nicotine yields in cigarette advertising are expressly or impliedly preempted by federal law.

In *Crawford v. Metropolitan Government of Nashville* (06-1595), the Court will decide whether an employee's statements relating alleged incidents of sexual harassment, during an interview by in-house sexual harassment investigators in connection with a sexual harassment complaint made by someone other than the employee, covered under Title VII's opposition clause?

In *Bartlett v. Strickland* (07-689), the Court will determine whether Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act categorically bars minority voters from proving a Section 2 claim unless the minority group can show that they could constitute a numerical majority in a district.

In *Wyeth v. Levine* (06-1249), the Court will decide whether the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") approval of a prescription drug's labeling preempts state-law failure-to-warn claims in the

absence of any express preemption provision in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or any evidence that FDA considered the risks and benefits of the specific method of administering the drug that caused the injuries upon which the state-law claim is premised.

In *Carcieri v. Kempthorne* (07-526), the Court will decide whether the Secretary of the Interior can take land into trust on behalf of an Indian tribe.

In *FCC v. Fox Television Stations* (07-582), the Court will determine whether the court of appeals correctly held as a matter of administrative law that the FCC failed to provide a reasoned basis for reversing its longstanding indecency enforcement policy with respect to isolated and fleeting expletives.

In *Van de Kamp v. Goldstein* (07-854-1), the Court will consider whether the decisions of a supervising prosecutor as chief advocate in directing policy concerning, and overseeing training and supervision of, individual prosecutors' compliance with *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83 (1963) and *Giglio v. United States*, 405 U.S. 150 (1972) in the course of preparing for the initiation of judicial proceedings or trial for all cases prosecuted by his or her agency, are shielded from liability.

In *Pleasant Grove City, UT v. Summum* (07-665), the Court will determine if the government acceptance and use of donated property in a public forum constitutes government or private speech.

In *AT&T Corp. v. Hulteen* (07-543), the Court will determine whether an employer engages in a current violation of Title VII when, in making post-Pregnancy Discrimination Act (PDA) eligibility determinations for pension and other benefits, the employer fails to restore service credit that female employees lost when they took pregnancy leaves under lawful pre-PDA leave policies.

2009 ABA Midyear Meeting: Section Events

Thursday, February 12, 2009

Strategic Communications Planning Session
11:00 am – 4:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Beacon D, 3rd Level

Executive Committee Meeting
4:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Boardroom, 3rd Level

Friday, February 13, 2009

Council Meeting
9:00 am – 3:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Republic Ballroom B, 2nd Level

Cosponsored CLE - *Building a Bridge to Keeping Youth in School: Connecting Education and Legal Advocacy*
10:00 am - 12:00 pm
Hynes Convention Center
Room 309, 3rd Level

Luncheon - *Changing Law and Policy to Improve Educational Quality*
12:30 pm - 1:45 pm
Hynes Convention Center
Room 309, 3rd Level

Cosponsored CLE - *Meeting the Needs of Highly Mobile Students: The Education Rights of Homeless Children and Those in the Child Welfare System*
2:00 pm - 3:30 pm
Hynes Convention Center
Room 309, 3rd Level

CLE Program - *Student Rights: Free Expression and Beyond*
3:30 pm – 5:00 pm
Hynes Convention Center
Room 309, 3rd Level

Robert F. Drinan Award Reception
Honoring Former ABA President Michael S. Greco
5:30 pm – 7:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Independence Ballroom West, 2nd Level

Saturday, February 14, 2009

Committee Meetings
7:30 am – 9:00 am
Sheraton Boston
Boardroom, 3rd Level

CLE Program - *HIV and the Rule of Law: A Legal Roadmap for A New Administration*
2:30 pm – 4:00 pm
Hynes Convention Center
Room 309, 3rd Level

Human Rights Editorial Board Meeting
4:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Boardroom, 3rd Level

Sunday, February 15, 2009

Death Penalty Moratorium Implementation Project
Committee Meeting
9:00 am – 12:00 pm
Sheraton Boston
Conference Room, 3rd Floor

Midyear Meeting

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Education, the Section will offer a three-part CLE series focusing on education and students' rights. The Section-sponsored program, entitled *Students' Rights: Free Expression and Beyond*, will examine the current state of student first amendment rights and explore current issues facing students that might require the expansion of those rights. Also included in the day-long program are *Building a Bridge to Keeping Youth in School: Connecting Education and Legal Advocacy*, presented by the Commission on Youth at Risk; and

Meeting the Educational Needs of Highly Mobile Students: The Education Rights of Homeless Children and Youth and those in the Child Welfare System, sponsored by the Commission on Homelessness and Poverty. The three-part series will take place on Friday, Feb. 13.

On Saturday, Feb. 14, the ABA AIDS Coordinating Committee will present a CLE program entitled *HIV and the Rule of Law: A Legal Roadmap for a New Administration*. During the program, panelists will examine the domestic and international legal

dimensions of HIV/AIDS, and suggest key legal elements that must be part of the Obama administration's approach to tackling HIV/AIDS both at home and abroad.

For more information on the Midyear Meeting, including program times and locations, please see the Midyear Meeting Section Schedule on page 6, or refer to the Midyear Meeting webpage at <http://www.abanet.org/midyear/2009/>. Should you have further questions, please contact the Section office.

Welcome New Section Members

Tiffany Aguilera-Vazquez
Jamie Aldes
Matthew Allen
David E Amaya
Donna Katherine Anderson
Chioma Anopueme
Aphirak Bamrungruan
Chris Beck
Brian Bennett
Rachel Rose Bickle-Stone
Ronald Lesley Blankenship
Anthony Bottenfield
Joshua Reed Brinkley
Olivia Bullard
Ricardo Bunge
Stacey Leigh Callaway
Trevor Cangelosi
Finnian Carstens
Christopher Chin
Kelly Cotter
Megan Cross
Seaton J Curran
Dennis Charles Dougherty
Diane Manchester Drum
Scott Dubin
John Michael DuPuis
Frederick Earles
Gilberto Falcon Sr
Yvette Feay
Steffanie Foster
Katherine Gallagher
Kyle Belnap Gee
Brendan Gibson
Janet Marie Gillen
Matthew Gizzi
Tien Glaub
Darryl Graham
Antoinette Granholm
Patrick R Grimm

Katelyn Ham
Nathan Herbert
Suzanne Kaye Higgins
Derek Hilley
Forrest W Hoover
Lenore F Horton
Jordan Hyatt
Zeenat Iqbal
Jeffrey Mikell Johnson
Taffie Nicole Jones
Lisa Kelly
Charles Kinney
Blair Kipp
Renaee Lynn Kluk Kiehl
Monica Naomi Kovaci
Anna Krishtul
Elsie Lampl
Brett H Lancer
Calvin Artie Leipold III
Tameka D Lewis
William Li
Allen J Light III
Mary Jo Lowrey
Jean Lu
Natalie Mantel
Jonathan McCann
Walton James McLeod IV
Kelly McWethy
Sadie Medrano
Sarah Merlo
Steven Patrick Messner
Michael Millward
Silvia Maria Mintz
Kristin S Mutzig
Maggie M Nasif
Irish Ryan Neville
Iliana Nieto
Nathan Giles Nikirk
Mindy Marie Nunez

Maureen O'Connor
Dong Jin Oh
Steven Owens
Jonathan Payne
Oscar E Pearce
Rasheedah Phillips
Justin M Rains
Mary Nell Regan
James Roller
Davina Rosen
Anne Rowe
Adrienne Russell
Todd Scardina
Annie Scott
Christine Marie Shaffer
Bradford Shively
Renee Sihvola
Emily Simpson
Carol Simpson
Ryan P Siney
Jacqueline Smith
Katheryn Smith
Natasha Solce
Bradley Thomas Steines
Michael Strouse
Frederick Sterling Struckmeyer
Meredith Swartz
Shiry Tannenbaum
Misty Thomas
Danielle Tizol
Brittany Tye
Joseph Venti
Liane Wakayama
Keith Kaanoi Walk
Frank Wang
Tonya N Williams
Adam Marc Yanoff

Upcoming Events

ABA Midyear Meeting

Feb. 11-15, 2009
Hynes Convention Center
Boston, Mass.

IRR Winter Council Meeting

Feb. 12-14, 2009
Boston, Mass.

Robert F. Drinan Award Reception

Feb. 13, 2009
Boston, Mass.

ABA Day in Washington

Apr. 22-23, 2009
Hyatt Regency
Washington, D.C.

IRR Spring Council Meeting

May 1-2, 2009
Miami, Fl.

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